# The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY JULY 9, 1908. NO. 27



## The Farmers National Bank
OF BLOOMSBURG.

Condensed report to the Comptroller at the close of business May 14, 1908

| RESOURCES. | | LIABILITIES. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans and Investments | $519,828.45 | Capital | $ 60,000.00 |
| U. S. Bonds | 60,000.00 | Surplus and Net Profit | 101,046.57 |
| Cash and Reserve | 135,602.36 | Circulation | 60,000.00 |
| | | Deposits | 494,384.24 |
| | $715,430.81 | | $715,430.81 |

**3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.**

**Capital, $60.000 Surplus and Profit $101,046.57**

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.



—COMPTROLLER'S CALL.—

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

## The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business May 14, 1908.

| RESOURCES. | | LIABILITIES. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans and Investments | $611,830.43 | Capital Stock, | $100,000.00 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 8,000.00 | Surplus and Profits | 51,620.16 |
| Cash and Reserve | 95,474.66 | Circulation | 100,000.00 |
| | | Deposits | 463,684.93 |
| | $715,305.09 | | $715,305.09 |

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.



**SPECIAL**

**THURSDAY**

**AND**

**FRIDAY**

**1/4 OFF**

**Summer Clothing.**

**TOWNSEND'S CORNER.**


### ARGUMENT COURT.

The following business was transacted in court on Monday, it being the regular monthly session:

Upon the application of Clinton Herring, Esq., a charter was granted the Christian church at Derrs.

In the divorce proceedings of Mellick vs. Mellick, an alias subpoena was issued.

James L. Evans, Esq., presented a petition from the Berwick Trust Co., guardian of William Neal, a weak minded person, asking that the Court allow a private sale of real estate belonging to the ward and situate on East Third street, Bloomsburg, for the sum of $750; sale to be made to Louise McPherson. The Court took the papers.

W. H. Rhawn, solicitor for the County Commissioners, presented to the Court for its approval the contracts they had entered into for the erection of the county bridges in Roaring Creek and Madison townships and Stillwater borough, and also for the painting of the bridge over the Susquehanna river at Bloomsburg.

Thos. W. Hagenbuch and Samuel B. Hagenbuch, executors of Peter Hagenbuch, deceased, vs. A. C Hagenbuch. On motion of Fred Ikeler, Esq., the order of the Court was modified.

In the estate of Kate J. Pope, deceased, petition for the Court to place a construction on the will of the decedent and make other orders. On motion of Fred Ikeler, Esq., Monday, August 3, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., is fixed for the hearing. Notice to be published in one newspaper in Columbia county and one newspaper in the city of Adrian, Lenaure county, Michigan.

In the estate of Mary K. Kries, deceased, petition for a citation to convey title. Citation awarded returnable on the first Monday of September, 1908.

In the matter of the appeal of the Packer Coal Co., upon agreement of all the parties in interest, the Court reduced the valuation from $21,300 to $3485.

In the estate of James McCole, deceased, the widow elects to retain certain real estate and Thomas E. Mohan and Martin Monaghan are appointed appraisers.

Catawissa Borough Poor District vs. Columbia county. On motion of L. C. Mensch, Esq., the Court made an order that John Gaidtes, an inmate of Wernersville hospital, is a subject of Russia, and has no legal settlement in Catawissa borough.

In the case of Lavina Rabuck vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Co., rule to take off non suit. The Court after reading an opinion, made the following order: "And now, July 6, 1908, reasons filed to take off non suit are overruled, and the rule to take off the same is discharged."

Com. vs. John Stevanko, rule to show cause why that portion of the verdict which directed that the prosecutor pay the costs should not be set aside. The rule was made absolute, and the county directed to pay the costs in an opinion handed down by the Court.

In the matter of the appointment of a guardian for Abraham Hess, of Jackson township, a weak minded person. After hearing the testimony of Mrs. Thomas J. Hess, Dr. I. L. Edwards, Z. A. Butt and A. B. Mendenhall, the Court appointed Thomas J. Hess, guardian. **Bond in the sum of $200 approved.**

**The bonds of the following tax collectors were presented to the Court and approved: John R. Sutton, Berwick; D. N. Williams, Madison township; W. P. Zahner, Main township; and J. H. White, Mt. Pleasant township.**

### STATE TO HELP MEN GET WORK.

**Unemployed May Write to the Bureau of Industrial Statistics at Harrisburg.**

Hereafter the State of Pennsylvania will receive applications from the unemployed and endeavor to put them to work. The scheme has been evolved by John L. Rockey, chief of the State bureau of industrial statistics. Pennsylvania has never had a bureau of employment and although numerous inquiries about obtaining men have been received in recent years and many requests for information which might lead to employment have lately been reaching the bureau it has been unable to care for them through lack of an application.

Chief Rockey has decided after study of the statutes that there is nothing to prevent his bureau from engaging in such work and has opened communication with organizations of the Young Men's Christian Association and other bodies throughout the State, so that lists of those desiring men or employment may be kept.

"At present there is a demand for men to aid in the harvest," said Chief Rockey. "I know of counties where men can receive good wages and substantial board and where unless hands are obtained the gathering of the crops will be seriously interfered with. The plan I have adopted to assist the unemployed in the cities and towns and bring them into communication with the farmers is to receive applications at my office for work and for men. According to the district from which these applications come I will distribute the letters. I have established a system by which the State Young Men's Christian Association with 70 organizations, will assist, and I am hoping to still further extend it. I think in this way the bureau can assist many worthy men and relieve the farming communities. I wish we could do more, but we are restricted."

### AGED MAN DEAD.

Clark Merrill, died at his home at Light Street about 8 o'clock Saturday night of ailments incidental to old age. Had he lived until September he would have been eighty-four years of age.

The deceased was a native of Columbia county and spent the greater part of his life in the vicinity of Rohrsburg. He was a farmer by occupation.

The deceased was a widower and is survived by four sons and two daughters: J. A. Merrill of Valley township, Montour county; Benjamin and Orron Merrill of Greenwood, Nebraska, Byron Merrill of Billings, Montana; Elizabeth, (Mrs. George Grimes) of Light Street and Miss Clara who resides at home.

### THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

At a meeting of the Sons of Veterans Monday evening E. E. Bittenbender, Commander of Ent Post, and John Shaffer, of the Brockway Camp, were appointed a publishing committee to arrange for the dedication of the Soldiers' Monument in September. On that day the Veterans Association of Columbia county will meet. The old soldiers and the ladies circle, also Sons of Veterans are working hard to make it one of the greatest gatherings of any day Columbia county ever witnessed.

**DeForrest Hummer met with an accident on Tuesday at the car shops, his left thumb being mashed by a horizontal punch.**

### BASE BALL PLAYER DEAD.

Harry Cole, who was struck on the head by a pitched ball in a game at Benton last Saturday afternoon, died at the Wilkes-Barre Hospital on Monday.

When the ball hit Cole on the head, near the ear, he exclaimed: "Gee! that was a dandy." He ran to first and was given a runner. Going to the bench he told the players he was going to "stretch out." He did so, and complaining of feeling worse, he picked up his glove and bat, and started to walk home, a mile and a half in the country. Scarcely able to walk when he reached home he fell over on the porch. When found he was unable to tell how the accident occurred. By that time his right arm was entirely limp. The skin was not broken where the ball had hit him but his head was black and blue. A blood vessel had been punctured beneath the skull and as the blood clot increased the paralysis became the greater.

The deceased was 18 years old. He was employed in the car shops at Berwick, and lived with his widowed mother in that place. The funeral took place at his home this morning.

### DROWNED AT ORANGEVILLE.

Clem Montgomery, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Montgomery of Orangeville, was drowned in the creek at that place, near the cemetery, on Saturday afternoon. In company with Dana Sharpless of Orangeville, and Charles Miller of Plymouth, both young boys, he went in bathing, the two boys remaining on the bank. The water was muddy, and not being able to see where he was going he waded into a hole 13 feet deep, and being unable to swim, was drowned before help could reach him.

The other boys ran to town and gave the alarm, and William Sharpless and several others went to the creek and recovered the body after a half hour's search.

Efforts to resuscitate him were unavailing. He was a bright boy, and would have graduated from the Hazleton High School next year. He had been living at Hazleton for some time past with Dallas Swank, and was spending his vacation with his parents. His age was 18 years.

The funeral was held Tuesday morning.

### A. C. & F. OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the American Car and Foundry Company at Jersey City the entire Board of Directors and officers were re-elected: President, Frederick H. Eaton; first vice president and general manager, E. F. Carey; assistant to president, W. H. Woodin; vice president, W. C. Dickerman; vice president, J. M. Buick; vice president, C. Price; treasurer, S. S. DeLano; auditor, N. A. Doyle; secretary, W. M. Hager. Mr. Eaton's election is for the eighth successive term. His administration has witnessed rapid strides forward in the progress of the company. The annual report of the president showed the following output of the plants for the fiscal year ending April 30th: Total of 84,340 cars; 51,532 being of steel, 32,063 of wood, 171 being steel passenger cars and 574 wood passenger cars. Gross sales for the year, $104,310,559.97; amount of freight paid to railroads on material received and shipped, $6,625,000; average number of men employed, 23 521; wages paid during the year, $15,915,823.41.

### OPINIONS OF COURT.

CORONER'S FEES.

At the opening of argument court Monday morning Judge Evans handed down an opinion that a coroner is entitled only to mileage for the holding of inquests from the court house to the place where the inquest was held. He also stated that according to law an inquest cannot be paid for by the county unless there was a clear case of doubt as to violence or crime connected with the death of a person over whose body an inquest is to be held.

TWO-CENT FARE LAW INVALID.

Judge Evans also handed down an opinion declaring the two cent fare law unconstitutional and restricting Columbia county from bringing any suits against the Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick R. R. Co. for violating the act. The S. B. & B. will return to their former rate and it is unlikely the county will proceed further in the matter, the Supreme court having recently decided the act illegal.

The Court entered the following decree:

"And now, July 6, 1908, this cause came on to be heard on bill and answer and upon the hearing of the same and consideration thereof by the Court, and the Court being satisfied of the sufficiency of said bill, and the facts therein alleged being admitted by the defendant, on the motion of Seth T. McCormick, solicitor for the plaintiff, the Court hereby orders and decrees:

"1st. That the said Act of April 5, 1907, is unconstitutional and void as to the plaintiff company.

"2nd. That the defendant, Columbia county, is perpetually enjoined from demanding of the plaintiff, The Susquehanna, Bloomsburg & Berwick Railroad Company, payment of, or from bringing any suit or suits against it for the recovery of any penalty imposed by said Act in the event of the failure of The Susquehanna, Bloomsburg & Berwick Railroad Company, plaintiff, to comply with the requirements of the said Act or in case the said plaintiff shall establish and maintain rates of fare, which in the judgment of the plaintiff company's president and directors are reasonable rates for the services rendered, and in excess of the rates established by the said Act of April 5, 1907, and shall charge and collect the same from passengers using the said road."

### NORMAL SCHOOL NOTES.

Normal Hill is a busy place this summer as always. Steward Frisbie has a large force of men excavating for the new kitchen extension, and Prof. Dennis is directing the work of the "poison squad" engaged in giving the buildings their usual thorough fumigation and disinfection. The work this year is being done with hydrocyanic acid gas, one of the most deadly agents known and requiring special care in its use, but effective and useful in proportion.

Dr. Waller's office is being remodelled and modernized in equipment under the direction of Mrs. Hawley of town.

Mr. W. H. Eyer is rapidly making a park of the Normal grove.

Things are certainly moving on the hill.

### GONE TO DENVER.

**Hon. John G. Harman, delegate-at-large, C. B. Ent, district delegate, and county chairman J. H. Mercer are attending the Democratic National Convention at Denver.**

### LAWS ARE ENFORCED.

**Pure Food Agents Have Investigated Twenty Counties.**

A remarkable statement concerning efficiency of the pure food campaign in this state, was given out Saturday by Dairy and Food Commissioner James Foust at Harrisburg, who said, "Some time ago we determined to thoroughly investigate the quality of various brands of canned goods, soups, potted meats, etc., sold in the state. We concluded to make a comprehensive job of it. Special agents of the division were sent into the following counties: Mercer, Crawford, Erie, Warren, Venango, Armstrong, Westmoreland, Indiana, Blair, Huntingdon, Clearfield, Centre, Lycoming, Northumberland, Dauphin, Lancaster and Lebanon. The special agents of the division gathered in all sorts of canned goods. They collected corn, peas, beans, tomatoes, asparagus, oysters, perhaps some other sorts. They accumulated a large variety of the standard soups. They purchased a collection of potted meats, consisting of chicken, ham, tongue and veal loaf. Nor did they neglect weinerwurst and pork sausage. These commodities were put up in various states of the union. They bore all sorts of trade-marks and were variously branded. Having collected our samples we sent them to competent chemists for analysis. Not a single one of all the 350 camples contained a chemical preservative and none was artificially colored. Were we disappointed? Why, sure! but it was a pleasant disappointment. For we would far rather commend a manufacturer for making and a dealer for selling honest goods than detect him in a fraud. One thing about these goods, however, I think you ought to tell the people. The brands costing the most money were invariably the best, the cans containing less water or juice. The corn was of the best grade and well packed in the can, the tomatoes were in many instances whole, and were fine and plump. The others were not injurious to health but they were not the equal of the better grades, and I am satisfied that the cheap ones were the most costly, since they contained far less substance than the others.

### MUST SHOW PENSION PAPERS

Serious difficulty is confronting the notaries, justices and pensioners in a number of the country towns and all because the government recently increased the rate of widows' pensions.

Under the law it is necessary for a pensioner to present the original certificate to the officer executing a voucher each quarter. In the smaller towns where all the pensioners are known, the formality has been ignored. But last month when the new law went into effect the department called in all original pension certificates and now find that in scores of instances the certificate has been lost, in some cases for many years. Several justices are confronted with the facts that their clients have not seen the certificates since they were issued by the government.

All concerned witnesses, pensioners and officers are placed in an ugly light for each has placed himself on record as having seen certificates every time the vouchers were made out. The commissioner of pensions will probably make an investigation.

### WILL SHOOT THE DOGS.

The town council recently passed an ordinance requiring all dogs to be muzzled, and providing that any unmuzzled dogs running at large shall be shot on sight, and imposing a fine of two dollars and costs on the owners of unmuzzled dogs.

On Monday night they authorized Chief of Police Baum to secure some one to shoot the dogs, and he has engaged Amos Welliver for the purpose. The council is in earnest in the matter, and public sentiment is with them so far as muzzles are concerned, but shooting the dogs on sight seems rather harsh. Wouldn't it be better to impound the dogs and fine the owners. If not redeemed in a reasonable time the dogs could be killed.

### BOYS IN CAMP.

With Prof. B. F. Bryant and family a number of town boys are camping for two weeks at Benscoter's Pond, near Hunlock's Creek. They are Drehr Phillips, Harry Funk, Gardner Kelchner, John Townsend, Stanley Magee and Ashton Smith.

# SIMPLE LITTLE AIDS

## THAT WILL MAKE CHEEKS RED AND CURE SHINY NOSES.

**Pallid Faces Made Red by Applying Iced Pads After Washing Flesh in Hot Water—Lotions of Water and Zinc for Noses.**

Sometimes the simplest little aids will make a marked difference in a woman's appearance. For instance, one whose hair is unmanageble will find that by applying a mixture of one teaspoonful of glycerine to six times as much water to loose ends of tresses these short strands stay neatly in place. In putting on the mixture it should be well shaken and then applied to the hair with a soft brush just before the dressing.

When short hairs are obdurate the the best methods of training is to put them on curlers. Afterward they should be combed out until soft and fluffy.

Another simple aid to beauty is the ice bath that makes pallid cheeks red. To bring color into faces use two round pads a trifle larger than a silver dollar. They should be made from thick flannel covered smoothly with linen.

While these are soaking in iced water wash the face gently with warm, not really hot water.

Then as soon as the skin is dried, which should be done immediately after the laving, the pads are taken from their bath, shaken to throw off superfluous wet and placed directly on that part of each cheek where color is desired. The secret of success with this lies in the washing being done with really warm water and the compresses being icy cold.

As simple remedies will help to beautify shiny noses that have such an annoying habit of refusing to be modified by powders, it is well to apply one of these liquid balms that may be made at home. A lotion that is said to effect a cure of the trouble is made of one ounce of distilled water, eight minims of distilled tincture of lavender and two grains of sulphate of zinc.

This should be well mixed and applied about four times a day, never allowing it to remain on over night. Put it on with a piece of soft muslin.

For softening rough or coarse skin on the hands common yellow cornmeal is an exiellent cure. It should be mixed in the proportion of one ounce of orris root, powdered, a pound of meal.

To apply it the hands should be washed as usual, taking care to use soap that is not drying; then the meal is poured into one hand and this is rubbed over the other with the same motion used in washing, using again the grains that should have fallen on a towel, box, &c., until the skin is quite dry.

### Dodging the Trail in the Dance.

"Nobody ever told me that I was a good dancer," declared Edward M. Greenway, leader of cotillons. "But I'll tell you a compliment a young woman did pay me once. She said: 'You took me through that crowd without a collision and without any one treading on my skirt.'

"Well, I never had a dancing lesson in my life. But I used to practice dancing in the days when women wore those great long trains, and it was not considered good form to pick them up. They trailed along behind several yards. Those were the days when you had to guide and keeping moving with your partner so as to keep that train following gracefully."

"But how did you practice?"

"Used to tie two sheets to an ordinary chair and then dance in and out among a dozen chairs scattered over a dance floor."—San Francisco Chronicle.

### Why Women Ride Astride.

"It is the general opinion among the physicians with whom I associate," writes a corresponden. of the New York Medical Journal, "that the fashion of women riding astride has not had its origin in fad so much as it has in the advice of physicians of our modern type.

"The fact that a person riding astride can have more freedo n from jar and jolt than one riding on a side saddle, should be a point in favor of the astride method, aside from the fact of it being safer and easier for the rider.

"The fact that it might be considered immodest by those who are not familiar with the astride method of riding is no reason why it should be condemned. The main reason why it is becoming more popular is beause that physicians in general see its good points over the old method and are thus advising it."

### World's Greatest Linguist a Woman

The record of being the world's greatest all-round linguist is claimed by Miss Mary E. S. Colton, a resident of Easthampton, Mass. She can speak and read forty foreign languages. Prior to her appearance in the field as a candidate for linguistic honors, the record for the greatest number of languages spoken by any one person was thirty-three. Miss Colton has mastered some of the most difficult tongues in the world. Among these are Chinese, Pali, Avestan, Sanscript, Hebrew, Syrian, Assyrian, Arabic and Persian. She also speaks and reads Latin, Greek, and all the modern European languages.—Philadelphia Press.

## MONEY A NEW YORKER MADE.

**At a Premium Now Though Uncle Sam Rejected It.**

New York has been the birthplace of many curious coins of private manufacture which for a time have passed as money. Of these no series is more interesting or has left more metallic reminders than the coin struck in the metal known as "Feuchtwanger composition."

In 1837 Dr. Lewis Feuchtwanger, a New York druggist and chemist, invented a white metal, very much of the color of silver, from a compound of copper, zinc, nickel and iron. He struck a number of coins of the denomination of one and three cents, the latter being the first coin of this value ever issued in the United States.

Specimens of these coins he forwarded to Congress with a petition that his metal be adopted for United States subsidiary coins instead of copper. R. M. Patterson, Director of the Mint, reported adversely on the petition, and the metal was rejected by the Government

Dr. Feuchtwanger continued to strike coins of the repudiated metal, and many of the tradesmen's tokens of the period were also made of the so-called "American silver," some of which are now of considerable rarity and value.

The rarest of the regular Feuchtwanger coins from the standpoint of value is a three-cent piece dated 1837 which shows an eagle on the obverse. On the reverse is a laurel wreath, between the two ends of which is the Arabic figure "3." The wreath encloses the words "Three Cents," while around the border is inscribed "Feuchtwanger's Composition." The edge of the coin is reeded, and a specimen in uncirculated condition has brought $40.

A similar variety of the three cent piece shows an eagle standing on rocks, with the date 1837 beneath. On the reverse there is a wreath, but the figure 3 is omitted from between the ends of the wreath. This variety when in fine condition is worth $10.

The next piece in point of value is what evidently was struck as a tradesmen's token for use in this city. In seven lines, on the obverse, the inscription reads: "Feuchtwanger American Silver Composition 2 Cortland St., New York." The reverse in six lines is inscribed "House and Household Furniture, Instruments, Beer Pumps, Pillars, Grates, Spoons, Forks and Dining Se's." This piece, which is about the size of a half dollar, has brought $16.

Another tradesmen's token of rare variety, somewhat similar to the reverse of the foregoing piece, shows the inscription on the obverse, "Dr. Feuchtwanger's American Silver Composition, 377 Broadway, New York."

One variety of the three cent piece, while not rare, is of interest to New Yorkers, for it is a New York three cent piece, showing on the obverse the arms of New York with the word "Excelsior" and the date 1837 underneath.

The commonest of the Feuchtwanger pieces are those of the denomination of one cent, the principle design of which snows an eagle grasping a snake.

The scarcest of the Feuchtwanger pieces, not considering premium, is a three cent piece of the 1837 issue struck in copper, of which only one specimen has been mentioned.

The record price paid for a coin struck in Feuchtwanger metal is $72.50, which was paid for a specimen of the "Philadelphia shilling" at the Morris sale, held in Philadelphia in 1905. The piece shows the arms of the city of Philadelphia on one side, while the other bears the inscription around the edge, "Corporation of Philadelphia," in the centre being stamped the words, "One Shilling Token."

A second variety bearing the arms of Philadelphia, like the foregoing, showed on the reverse a wreath in the centre of which are the letters, "F. S." (which are supposed to stand for "Feuchtwanger Silver") and "50 Cents." This variety also is very rare, and a fine specimen sold for $47.50 at the same sale as its companion coin.

In 1837 a New York firm struck from the Fauchtwanger metal a coin representing the denomination of 12½ cents. On the obverse was an eagle holding in its talons a snake, with the date "1837." On the reverse was the inscription, 'R. E. Russell, I. O. U. 12½c." It was a little larger than the old time copper cent. At a recent sale a fine specimen brought $14.—New York Sun.

### The Wake of a Bullet.

Experiment have recently been made with an inflammable paste on bullets. When the bullet leaves the muzzle the paste ignites, leaving a stream of smoke behind it, and enabling the marksman to watch its course, and, if necessary, correct his aim for the next shot.

### When Prevarication is Preferable.

Every man knows he is not the heroic, fascinating creature his sweetheart pretends to think him; but he would rather be lied to to his wedding day than to be told the brutal truth.

### Is It True.

In my club they toast the absent members. In my wife's club they roast the absent members.—Clever Leaves.

## WOMEN IN EGYPT.

**All Mohammedan Women Wear Veils.**

There are semingly more types of women in Cairo, all of them natives of Egypt, than in any other city of like population in the world. Their variety is due largely to the difference in costume, which is regulated by religious beliefs.

All the women of Mohammedan faith wear veils. Some wear queer little spoods of brass or gold, which are attached to the headpiece, and which hang down to cover the nose. This signifies that the wearers are married. Others wear veils without either headpiece or nose covering.

The veils of the Turkish women are the handsomest, and they are also the most coquettish, for occasionally they are thin enough to show the outline of the features beneath.

Nearly all the aristocratic male Turkish women, who are supposed to Egyptians of Cairo are married to be superior to the natives both in beauty and intelligence. The majority of Turkish girls of wealthy families are educated as are their European sisters, and many of them are talented in music and painting.

This enlightenment which allows the daughters to be educated applies only to those families wich have had the advantage of English association. But this class is very rarely seen by the tourist, unless he gets just a flash of their veiled faces showing through the closed windows of a carriage in which they enjoy their daily outing on the fashionable Gazera drive of Cairo.

It is the middle class which one will see on the streets and in the bazaars in the native quarter. Occasionally the aristocrat visits the jeweller, but when she does she is ushered into a private reception room and is so hedged in by ceremony and servants that the European customer in the same shop cranes his neck in vain to get a glimpse of her.—Travel.

## A WOMAN'S "NO."

**Plenty of Happy Marriages Began So, But Ended With a "Yes."**

There are plenty of happy marriages which have begun with "no" and ended with "yes." It frequently happens that the woman who refuses the first time consents willingly upon the second or third. Nor is the reason for this far to seek.

The woman who answers with a negative often does so believing that if her suitor really means what he says he will not accept dismissal without making an effort to reverse her decision.

The astute lover, when declined as a husband, begs humbly for friendship and proceeds to make himself necessary to his lady-love's comfort and happiness. He studies her tastes, humors her whims, is always on hand when needed, yet never in the way. In short, he plays the part of "cavalier servant" so adroitly that some day when he betakes himself to Japan or Paris his lady-love wakes up to the knowledge that he has become indispensable to her, a part of her life, which, withdrawn, leaves a sense of lack, a void.

Most fortresses will capitulate if the siege be long enough and well conducted, and the rule holds good in love as well as in war.—Chicago Tribune.

IN A PICKWICKIAN SENSE.

Brown:—"I was talking with Smith quite a while yesterday."

Jones.—"I suppose he was boring you with some of his worthless opinions. He is a positive blockhead."

Brown:—"Well, he spoke in a much more kindly way of you—said you were one of the most intelligent men he knew."

Jones:—"Oh, I didn't mean—er, that is, it's only in politics that he is obstinate."

### The Cranberry Output.

It is claimed that Massachusetts leads the cranberry output, with an average crop of about 400,000 bushels annually. New Jersey is a close second, with about 350,000 bushels. Wisconsin ranks third with an average of about 100,000 bushels.

It took 44 men 35 days to count the $267,836,166.26 in the New York Sub-treasury. The cash balanced to a cent.

## WISHING WON'T MAKE MONEY.

**John D. Rockefeller Says It Takes a Practical Mind.**

It takes a practical mind to make a fortune. Men have often said in my hearing, "Oh, how I wish I were rich. If I had money I should do this great work or that." Now, these men will never be rich. They haven't got the purpose and practical bent of mind for it. They think of the fruits of victory without the struggle. I fear it is necessary to fix the mind pretty strongly upon the

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.

making of money before it is possible to plan its spending. I remember clearly when the financial plan—if I may call it so—of my life was formed. It was out in Ohio, under the ministration of a dear old minister, who preached.. "Get money, get it honestly, and then give it wisely." I wrote that down in a little book.—Leslie's Weekly.

### Suggestions for Stout Women.

First and most important is the question of corset. The stout woman can make no greater mistake than to try and deceive herself by wearing a close, tight fitting corset in hopes that it will make her appear slender. The effect is distinctly the contrary. A well-made, comfortable corset, fitted and especially adapted to her personal requirements, will give lines to her figure that will make her appear much more slender.

The stout woman should avoid plain, tight-fitting blouses. In wearing shirtwaists, the small shoulder yoke in front, which is fashionable this season, is one of the best adaptations, as it makes the shirtwaist fit much better across the shoulders, and gives an opportunity for some fullness in the front breadths across the bust, where it is needed, and where any tightness or strain is so ugly.

The back yoke for the stout woman is a serious mistake. It has a tendency to shorten the waist line, and adds breadth across the shoulders. A few plaits in the center from the collar to the belt line is the best way of finishing the back.

All coats and jackets for the stout woman should end below the waist line.

The long, half-fitting coat is excellent, and lends grace to the figure. The jackets with the straight fronts, ending several inches below the waist line, and made either in double-breasted form or with a fly-front, is one of the best models for the stout woman to follow.

The stout woman should beware of over-trimmed skirts and not attempt any elaborate styles in that direction. The skirt trimmed in panel fashion is becoming.

The choice of materials is most important. Plaids are absolutely forbidden except in small doses, when utilized as waist trimmings. Stripes should also be used with discretion.

Black and darker shades are the best colors for the stout woman.

### Experimental Sowing.

Burbank's achievements with the daisy are more fascinating than a fairy tale. From England, Japan, Germany and Australia—everywhere where daisies grew—he got seeds of the best varieties, not a few, but hundrds, thousands.

These were carefully planted and watched with closest care. They were all going to be slain, but out of their death was to come a new daisy, larger, more beautiful, more hardy, and that would flower in every climate perennially.

The result was his "Shasta" daisy, one of the most beautiful flowers ever seen—of clear, brilliant white, great size, the centre of pure yellow resting upon slender yet stronger stems.

### Mysterious Fork.

One of the most curious of the many curious things picked up by the late Henry M. Stanley in his adventurous wanderings was a silver fork. Silver forks are not ordinarily very remarkable; but this particular one was part of a necklace which adorned a savage in a part of Africa where neither forks nor white men were ever known to have penetrated before Stanley's visit. On the fork was permamnently inscribed the name of a fashionable London restaurant. How it had reached unexplored Africa is one of the mysteries.


# CASTORIA

**The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of** Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

## What is CASTORIA

**Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.**

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

**The Kind You Have Always Bought**
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.


## SLEEPING BY MACHINERY.

**Science Has Devised a Simple Cure For Insomnia.**

Science has devised an almost certain cure for the chief curse of the brainworker—insomnia. The principle is extremely simple, and is based upon the well-known fact that repetition means monotony, and monotony slumber.

The machine can be made by any one with a slight gift of mechanics. It consists of a clockwork apparatus, above which are mounted two rods painted black, laid horizontally, and made to revolve in opposite directions. On each rod an fixed seven pieces of mirror.

To use the machine, you place it near your bedside, in such a position that it is faintly illuminated by a night light; then you set it in motion and lie down. As the bars begin to revolve, the seven mirrors blink at you as little specks of light, and then disappear.

### The Three Chinese Dragons.

There are three kinds of Chinese dragons—the lung of the sky, the of the sea and the kiau of the marshes The lung is the favorite kind however, and has "the head of a camel, the horns of a deer, the eye of a rabbit, ears of a cow, neck of a snake belly of a frog, scales of a carp, claws of a hawk and palm of a tiger." His special office is to guard and support the mansions of the gods and he is the peculiar symbol of the emperor.

### Memorial of Adam.

April 1 was marked on old calendars as the "Memorial of Adam." The orientals relate that Adam when dying, charged his children to bury his body, embalmed with myrrh, incense and cassia, in the cave of Al-Kanuz near Paradise. When they quitted the place they were to convey his body to the center of the earth, whence would come salvation to his posterity. This is said to have been done by Noah and Melchizedek, who reburied him on the sacred hill of Calvary.

### Lead Wool.

Hitherto it has been customary to make the joints for gas and water pipes by first introducing strands of hemp yarn into the socket, then filling the space left with molten lead and afterwards caulking the latter. A more modern way is now provided by means of what is known as "lead wool." The lead wool consists of the threads of virgin lead, cut by special machinery in such a manner that it will weld together when caulked.

Next to the attar of roses the most valuable perfume is the oil of jasmine, which is quoted at $580 a pound.

### Millions of Babies.

Persons who are strongly impressed by the fact that we are receiving more than a million immigrants yearly through the gate of New York city should not forget that we are yearly receiving in the United States about eight million babies, who make this country their first earthly port.

### Illiteracy in Brazil.

The curse of Brazil lies in the great illiteracy of its men and women. According to the official Government figures the illiteracy is 80 per cent.

### Les Miserables.

The most unhappy beings on the face of the earth are professional politicians.

### Don't Turn Your Head.

How many people turn their heads toward the direction in which they are looking? Most of us do, and thus rob the eyes of the exercise to which they are entitled.

The power of vision is such that when we look straight in front of us we can see in almost every direction except right behind us.

Sight is beyond question our most valuable sense. We could get along fairly well without taste, smell, hearing, or feeling, but once sight has gone our joy in life is practically dead.

So it behooves us to exercise our sight. To do so, hold your head steady and roll your eyes about. Look in every direction—up, down, to the right, to the left, everywhere. All the nerves, veins and arteries will be strengthened. The muscles will be immediately improved. The lachrymal glands will be excited sufficiently to wash the eyeball thoroughly. Then seeing will be a delight.—Answers.

Tomatoes are good for a torpid liver, but should be avoided by gouty people.

Don't forget that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for woman's weaknesses and delicate ailments, is not a patent or secret medicine, being the "Favorite Prescription" of a regular educated and graduated physician, engaged in the practice of his chosen specialty—that of diseases of women—that its ingredients are printed in plain English on every bottle-wrapper; that it is the only medicine especially designed for the cure of woman's diseases that contains no alcohol, and the only one that has a professional endorsement worth more than all the so-called "testimonials" ever published for other medicines. Send for these endorsements they are free for the asking.

A little book of some of these endorsements will be sent to any address, postpaid, and absolutely free if you request same by postal card or letter, of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you suffer from periodical headache, backache, dizziness, pain or dragging down sensation low down in the abdomen, weak back, have disagreeable and weakening, catarrhal, pelvic drain, or are in distress from being long on your feet, then you may be sure of benefit from taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets—the best laxative and regulator of the bowels. They invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative; two or three a cathartic.

Most of us are born rulers. At any rate, we are born babies.

MAKE A NOTE NOW to get Ely's Cream Balm if you are troubled with nasal catarrh, hay fever or cold in the head. It is purifying and soothing to the sensitive membrane that lines the air-passages. It is made to overcome the disease, not to fool the patient by a short, deceptive relief. There is no cocaine nor mercury in it. Do not be talked into taking a substitute for Ely's Cream Balm. All druggists sell it. Price 50c. Mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Whether a girl is vivacious or merely silly depends on whether you like her or not.


A Reliable Remedy for CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

## HOW ANARCHISTS MAKE BOMBS.

### Manufacture Them Out of All Sorts of Articles and Utensils.

The bombs employed by anarchists nowadays are very simple contrivances, as compared with the elaborate "infernal machines" of thirty or forty years ago.

That this is so is largely due to Herr Most, who, in his "Scientific Revolutionary Warfare," taught his disciples how to manufacture bombs out of all sorts of articles and utensils in everyday use, from saucepans to sardine tins.

The grenade that exploded prematurely recently at the unemployed demonstration in New York, for instance, was constructed by Silberstein out of one of the brass balls which were screwed on to the posts of his bedstead.

Morral's bomb, which slew twenty-three people and injured nearly 100 others at the Spanish King's wedding two years ago, was merely an ordinary glass water bottle. It was, however, filled with nitroglycerin, the most powerful explosive known to science, and the basis of dynamite.

The French Anarchist Vaillant utilized a small kettle wherewith to manufacture the bomb that he afterward exploded with terrible effect in the chamber of deputies at Paris. A saucepan filled with blasting gelatin sufficed Emile Henry, Vaillant's chosen comrade, who by its aid succeeded in simultaneously blowing to pieces six unfortunate policemen.

Ravachol used upon one occasion a metal fuse-box filled with fulminate of mercury, and upon another a glass ink bottle with a screw top, in order to destroy life. The bomb which Bourdin carried to Greenwich Park in 1894, intending to blow up the observatory there, but which exploded prematurely and killed him, was just an ordinary piece of iron piping, with a couple of roughly made caps screwed on at either end.

### An Elephant's Shoe.

Kartoom, the young male Soudan elephant in New York city's wild animal preserve in the Bronx, is a much puzzled pachyderm just now.

As a matter of fact Kartoom ought to be very proud, but he isn't. Shoes may be all right for some elephants, but Kartoom is a "close-to-nature" pachyderm and is clearly opposed to all modern improvements. In the heart of the African jungle he found no need for shoes, and doesn't see any more reason for pinching his "tootsy-wootsies" with them now

KARTOOM'S WEAK ANKLE.

than he did in those happy, carefree days of his recent past.

Notwithstanding his objections, however, Kartoom now has securely affixed to his right hind foot a large leather and metal shoe, the second elephant's shoe on record since the beginning of history, so far as known. Some time ago, Dr. Blair, the animal's family doctor, found Congo, the pigmy elephant, toeing in badly and invented a shoe which cured him of the habit. Recently the Bronx Park M. D., found that Kartoom, as a result of long lack of exercise was developing a weak ankle and gave a rush order to the Zoo blacksmith, for a special shoe for the Soudan elephant also.

The shoe instead of causing Kartoom any pride or delight, only excited his disgust and anger. He stayed awake all night industriously trying to dislodge the newfangled contraption with his trunk, but the zoological bootmakers had done their work well and at sun up Kartoom gave up.

### Could Readily Believe It.

An old country gentleman returning home rather late discovered a yokel with a lantern under his kitchen window, who when asked his business there, stated he had only come a courting. "Come a what?" said the irate gentleman. "A-courting sir. I'se courting Mary." "It's a lie! What do you want a lantern for? I never used one when I was a young man." "No, sir," was the yokel's reply; "I didn't think yer 'ad, judging by the missus."

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.


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Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES {FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
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50c. each: Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

BOOK MAILED FREE.


## CHARMS AND INCANTATIONS.

### How Some Pennsylvanians Use Them for Remedies Against Ills.

Witchcraft superstitions are still widely prevalent in Eastern Pennsylvania, according to William W. Neifert, who in the Pennsylvania-German, cites a number of favorite charms and incantations:

To cure snake bites: God has created all things and they were good. Thou only, serpent, art damned. Cursed be thou and thy sting, Zing, Zing, Zing.

To prevent accidents. Carry with you, sewed to your right sleeve, the right eye of a wolf.

Security against mad dogs: Dog, hold thy nose to the ground. God has made me and thee, hound.

To banish the whooping cough: Let the child drink out of a blue glass tumbler. (This disease was known as the "blue cough," and on the principle that "like cures like," the child drinks from a "blue glass" to cure a "blue cough.")

To cure baldness: Rub the scalp with the hemisphere of a divided onion. (This was a strong charm if the vegetable was fresh.)

To cure fits: Take off the child's shirt, turning it inside out while doing so, and then burn the garment.

To destroy warts: Stick a pin through the wart, and give away the pin, when the wart will follow the pin.

To make the best cider vinegar: After the cider is put into the cask call up the names of three of the crossest and most sour-tempered old women in the community, and in a loud voice utter their names into the bung hole, and immediately cork it up, and you will have the best and strongest vinegar in the neighborhood.

A remedy against slander: If you are calumniated or slandered to your very skin, to your very flesh, to your very bones, cast it back upon the false tongues. Take off your shirt, and turn it inside out, and then run your two thumbs along your body under the ribs starting at the pit of the heart, thence down to the thighs.

To bring a thief to confession and make him restore stolen property: From the door sill over which the thief has passed take three splinters in the name of the Trinity. Fasten them to a wagon wheel removed from the spindle, and through the box or hub, pronounce the following prayer: "I pray thee, Thou Holy Trinity, to constrain the thief who has stolen my (name of the article stolen) to be stung by remorse and restore it to its rightful owner." This done, the wheel is to be replaced by fastening it to the wagon, when it was given three revolutions, and the stolen goods were expected to be returned.

### A New Gunpowder.

There has been invented in Germany a powder which is said to give no flareback whatever, even in guns of the largest calibre. The composition of the powder is not known, but it is supposed to consist of nitroglycerin, nitro-cellulose and vaseline. The prevention of the flareback, however, is believed to be due to the incorporation in the powder of a small amount of some chemical which has proved to be thoroughly effective.

### Canine Exercise.

"Justin, said Mrs. Wyss.

"Yes," replied Mr. Wyss.

"Will you speak a kind word to Fido and make him wag his tail. He hasn't had one bit of exercise all

## THE MALDEN'S CAT.

### Meowing of the Feline Saved Captain, Wife and Crew.

"There's one thing in which cats and rats agree," said Captain Charles W. Bates, of the Boston schooner Malden, as he wandered across the floor of the Maritime Exchange, "and that is, that they both will leave a sinking ship. So it wasn't so much of a surprise to me when the crew of the Malden grew a bit superstitious when our tabby leaped over the rail with a piteous wail and sank in about forty fathoms off the the coast of Georgia.

"We'd been fifteen days out from San Juan, bound for a Florida port, but a gale drove us several hundred miles further north than we had intended going, and when the Malden's pussy leaped to her death we all had been guesssing for forty-eight hours what would happen to our vessel.

"Lyig on her starboard beam one moment and on her port the next, with seas washing over us so that we couldn't move across the deck, the Malden was acting crazy enough for any shipload of deep sea mariners. The night before the cat went free of the schooner's rail it had a dream, to which my wife and I can testify, for we were awakened by the ghastly meowing of the fe-

JUMPED OVER THE RAIL.

line as she stood, with back up and hair on end, at the foot end of our bunk.

"What was still more strange, both my wife and I had been dreaming of a shipwreck when the cat awakened us, and the ill omen was so apparent that I told Mrs. Bates to dress and I dressed myself. On the watch I found Simpkins, the mate, and five members of the crew, all working desperately to save the Malden which was wallowing in a sea such as I had never seen before.

"Matters kept growing worse every minute from the time I got on deck, and it was shortly before dawn that the cat went over the side. That settled the crew and the men who had been working at the pumps, with the water gaining on us every minute, decided that I should order the boat lowered and cut away from the Malden. The schooner was leaking like a sieve, and one might as well have tried to pump the Atlantic dry as to pump the Malden free of the briny.

"Well, what happened to the schooner need not take long to tell. She went down like a lump of lead and we had barely time to get the boat away before the topmasts disappeared under the water. My wife and I and the crew of six drifted for a dozen hours before a Far East tramp bound for Savannah showed her lights and stopped for us. We were taken to Savannah where we received every hospitality that could be extended to as dreay a lot of eight shipwrecked mariners, including one woman, as ever drifted around the coast.

"Will my wife go to sea again? Well, I reckon yes. The next time I get a ship you'll see her shipmates with me, and she has told me that we won't go to sea without a cat either, for the meowing of the Malden's tabby undoubtedly saved our lives."

### Turks Objected to Horse's Names.

The horses belonging to the late British Ambassador at Cnstantinople, Sir Nicholas O'Connor, have been sold by auction. The usual notice was put in the local press, but the censor took exception as there were horses in the list with the names Pasha, Selim and Haroun, which he considered was offensive to Turks, and the list had to appear without the names.—London Telegraph.

### Manhattan's Population.

Manhattan island has a population of 160 persons to each acre, or 102,400 to a square mile. During business hours these figures can be doubled for the south square mile of the island.


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THURSDAY TICKETS GOOD FOR TEN DAYS.
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For full information concerning leaving time of trains, consult small hand bills or nearest Ticket Agent.

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6-25-16t


## Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00 *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:15, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

## Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

| | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | † | | |
| Bloomsburg D L & W | 9 00 | 2 37 | 6 15 | 6 00 |
| Bloomsburg P & R | 9 02 | 2 39 | 6 17 | ... |
| Paper Mill | 9 14 | 2 52 | 6 29 | 6 20 |
| Light Street | 9 18 | 2 55 | 6 34 | 6 25 |
| Orangeville | 9 26 | 3 03 | 6 43 | 6 50 |
| Forks | 9 36 | 3 13 | 6 53 | 7 08 |
| Zaners | f9 40 | f3 17 | 6 57 | 7 15 |
| Stillwater | 9 48 | 3 25 | 7 03 | 7 40 |
| Benton | 9 56 | 3 33 | 7 13 | 8 10 |
| Edsons | f10 00 | f3 37 | 7 17 | 8 20 |
| Coles Creek | f10 03 | f3 40 | f7 21 | 8 56 |
| Laubachs | f10 08 | f3 45 | f7 31 | 8 40 |
| Grass Mere Park | f10 10 | f3 47 | f7 33 | .... |
| Central | 10 15 | 3 52 | 7 41 | 0 |
| Jamison City | 10 18 | 3 55 | 7 45 | 1 |

SOUTHWARD

| | A.M. | A.M. | P.M. | A.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | † | † | † | § | † |
| Jamison City | 5 50 | 10 48 | 4 35 | 7 00 | 11 30 |
| Central | 5 53 | 10 51 | 4 38 | 7 03 | 11 45 |
| Grass Mere Park | f6 01 | f11 00 | f4 47 | f7 12 | .... |
| Laubachs | f6 03 | f11 02 | f4 48 | f7 13 | 11 53 |
| Coles Creek | f6 12 | f11 06 | f4 53 | f7 22 | 12 06 |
| Edsons | f6 14 | f11 09 | f4 56 | f7 24 | 12 10 |
| Benton | 6 18 | 11 13 | 5 00 | 7 28 | 12 35 |
| Stillwater | 6 28 | 11 21 | 5 08 | 7 38 | 12 45 |
| Zaners | f6 35 | f11 29 | f5 17 | f7 45 | 12 58 |
| Forks | 6 39 | 11 33 | 5 21 | 7 49 | 1 00 |
| Orangeville | 6 50 | 11 42 | 5 31 | 8 00 | 1 30 |
| Light Street | 7 00 | 11 50 | 5 39 | 8 10 | 1 45 |
| Paper Mill | 7 03 | 11 53 | 5 42 | 8 13 | 1 50 |
| Bloom. P & R | ... | ... | ... | 8.25 | 2 10 |
| Bloom. D L & W | 7 20 | 12 10 | 6 00 | 8.30 | 2 15 |

Trains No 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily § Sunday only. f Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt.


60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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THURSDAY JULY 9, 1908.


## Democratic County Ticket.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS,
JOHN G. McHENY,
of Benton.

FOR MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa,

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
FREEZE QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN MOUREY,
of Roaring Creek Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
CHARLES L. POHE,
of Catawissa.

JERRY A. HESS,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
CLYDE L. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton Borough,
(Second Term.)

HARRY CREASY,
of Bloomsburg.
(Second Term.)

## GUFFEY SOLD OUT.

**Creasy Says He Dealt With Penrose in 1906 to Defeat Emery.**

Hon. William T. Creasy, the leading Democratic legislator of the State, tells how he discovered in 1906 that Colonel James M. Guffey, State Democratic boss and financier, met Senator Boise Penrose, the Pennsylvania Republican boss, in New York during the last memorable Gubernatorial campaign, apparently to arrange finally for the defeat of Lewis Emery, Jr., and the election of the Republican nominee for Governor in 1906.

Mr. Creasy practically charges that there and then Colonel Guffey sold out the Democratic nominee for Governor and gave Senator Penrose assurance of a delivery of the goods.

Here is the story as Mr. Creasy tells it, for publication, up to date:

"I had an engagement to address a grange picnic in New Jersey on August 16, 1906, and on my way there on August 15, I stopped over in New York to meet Colonel Guffey, who was stopping at the Holland House, where he had a suite of rooms on the second floor.

"I was there with him throughout the day, and when the telephone rang in one of the rooms upon the occasion in question I answered it. The telephone operator at the hotel exchange, in response to my query, said: 'Senator Penrose is down here.'

"I was amazed, and again asked her who wanted Colonel Guffey, and again she replied: 'Senator Penrose.'

"I went into one of the other rooms of the suite and informed Colonel Guffey that some one wanted him on the telephone.

IT WAS VERY PRIVATE.

"Answering the 'phone he informed me that some one wanted to see him on business, and if I had no objection he would like me to retire to one of the other rooms, which I did. After the conversation had been completed he rapped at my door and said I should come out.

"What the conversation was, I, of course, do not know; but I had a mighty strong supposition that plans were discussed to encompass Emery's defeat. I knew that Guffey was opposed to Emery, and I know furthermore that the people at 26 Broadway were mightily interested in the defeat of Emery.

"I never mentioned the matter to Guffey. I was so utterly disgusted with him that I did not care to bring up the subject."

## LAWYERS AFTER COURT.

The Pennsylvania State Bar Association, at its session, took a positive position in reference to the superior court, declaring that that body was unnecessary and that the enactment creating it should be repealed. Who are better qualified to judge of necessity than lawyers?

When the superior court was created there was a hue and a cry that it was to give berths to political supernumeraries to whom politicians were in debt. A virtue was made of necessity, however, and it was accepted, and the layman has by slow degrees been induced to believe that it had earned a right to existence by enabling prompt adjudication of long standing litigation.

Lawyers are particularly concerned that cases on appeal shall be disposed of quickly and they would be slow to condemn the superior court were there any danger that the calendar of the supreme court would be glutted with untried cases, a condition which does not exist.

We doubt not that there are good and sufficient reasons back of the demand for the abolition of the superior court, and when lawyers say that it is not necessary we are prepared to take them at their word. How the legislature will view the matter is another question. It is a difficult matter to uproot established institutions, particularly when there are comfortable salaries clustering about the roots.

—*Altoona Times.*

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

## Quay Statue as a Gift.

**The Town of Beaver or Dead Senator's Family Might Have It.**

The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings held its monthly meeting last week, and again sidestepped taking action on the placing of the Quay statue. Colonel Moody, secretary of the Quay Monument Commission, has not followed up his last letter asking that a conference be held between the Board and the Commission, and the Board is in no hurry to fix a place for the statue.

It is understood that the matter will be held up until after the Legislature meets, when it is possible that a bill placing the statue in the Capitol grounds may be repealed and the statue given to the city of Beaver, Quay's home, or else to the immediate family of the dead Senator, for the burial lot at Beaver.

## To Enforce Rice Throwing Law.

We would infer from an article in the Tyrone *Herald* that it is the purpose of the Pennsylvania Railroad company to enforce the recent ruling relative to suppressing the rice throwing at stations on wedding occasions, and in towns where the company has no police officers stationed arrangements have been made to secure the names of persons who are guilty of the practice and bring the offenders to justice under a recent act of assembly.

## WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., July 6, 1908.

Notwithstanding the departure of the President to his summer home and the scattering of the Cabinet and the Supreme Court, movements emanating from or centering in Washington are of more than usual interest this summer. The Secretary of War or he who was until recently the Secretary of War and is now the Republican presidential candidate, is in the city winding up matters for his final departure. He is today, for the first time for years, a private citizen and the most conspicuous private citizen in the western hemisphere. He left for the Hot Springs of Virginia on the Fourth of July, with Mrs. Taft and their youngest son, Charles Taft, a youth of ten years. Mr. Taft has been in the habit of spending his summers in Canada, but it will not be convenient for the presidential candidate to be out of the country and he has selected a place in Monroe county, Virginia, among the mountains, for his summer home. The Hot Springs of Virginia have been a resort for fifty years or more and, even before the War, rivalled the Green Briar White Springs as a fashionable resort for the slave-holding aristocracy of the South. Within the last few years it has been a resort of the wealthy and ultra fashionable people of the North and Northeast. While the presidential candidate and part of his family will be there for the hottest of the summer months, his daughter will visit a school friend in Georgia. There is, of course, no political significance in the selection of a resort south of the Mason and Dixon line, but the fact, insignificant as it is, marks the amelioration of long standing political asperities. There are political wiseacres who predict that the republican candidate will carry two or three southern states in the coming election and the fact that he and his family are at home in the south will not be without its significance.

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It is reported that President Roosevelt has bought a lot for a residence, in the City of New York, at a cost of a million of dollars. Two or three weeks ago only, it was supposed that the President would be without occupation after March the fourth, and it was published that he was comfortably well off, having an income of at least ten thousand dollars! The question naturally arises: How is the President able to buy a lot for building purposes worth a million dollars? Many ex-Senators and ex-cabinet officers have been known to buy homes or build homes in Washington, but no ex-president has ever remained in the city longer than his term. Ex-presidents have always returned to their homes in the states. There may be a reason for this. No king or emperor, after having enjoyed or endured the splendors of state, was ever known to settle down as a quiet citizen amid the scenes of his vanished glories. The President of the United States, is, as far as honors and pageantry are concerned, a king or an emperor; and the anti-climax of private life would doubtless be too severe, as felt by himself and all who came in contact with him, for a merely mortal man.

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At the State and War Department in this city, the situation in Mexico is watched with intensest interest. The Mexican Government, of course, treats the insurgents as banditti for precisely the same reason that the British Government a hundred and thirty years ago, treated the revolutionary fathers as rebels. An important difference in practice is that the Mexican Government takes no prisoners but kills those it captures. Porfirio Diaz, president of the so-called republic for the last twenty-five years, has been very much praised. The Government has at least one recommendation. It is a very strong government. It is despotic and in its despotism, Mexico has enjoyed such internal peace as she had never previously known for so long a period, but it is absurd to call the government a republic. The elections are absurd. There has never been a free or fair election in the country. All law, order and authority emanate from the palace of the President, whether from his home in the City of Mexico or from Chapultapec, three miles out. Diaz might say with even more consistency than did Louis XV "*L' etat c' est Moi.*"

There is a junta or body of conspirators against this iron order of things, and the habitat of this junta at present is St. Louis. The Irish have or had in New York City, very much such a junta against the English government. There are malcontents, and with good reason, against every government. Diaz has the railroads for the transportation of such troops as are in the Mexican army, which consists largely of barefooted convicts, and he will probably be able to suppress the insurrectors or drive them across into Texas. But it is not at all certain but that there will be a succession of uprisings in Mexico, or that that country has a more stable government than the Central and South American countries. Diaz is very old and feeble too, and revolution is anticipated at his death.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## MARKSMANSHIP ESSENTIAL

**Has Become a Qualification Next to Discipline in Importance.**

Marksmanship has become the most essential qualification of a soldier, next to discipline. Time was when muskets were of such short range that fighting was in solid formation between lines not far apart, when a soldier shot at the whole line fronting him at point blank range, and had only to be careful not to hold his piece too high or too low. But with the modern high power military rifle has come dispersed order in fighting and long distances between contending lines, requiring individual marksmanship and the aiming at individual targets. President Roosevelt has epitomized the whole matter in his terse expression that "it is only the hits that count in war." Under modern conditions only a marksman can make a hit. A man who is not a qualified sharpshooter has no place on the firing line. He only makes a noise, and might get hurt and take the services of a good man to care for him.

I was forcibly impressed with this one night when my company lay behind a 12-inch rice ridge in the Philippines repelling a night attack by a largely superior force. Just in front of me were two men, a sharpshooter and one who was not. The sharpshooter—it was fire at will—loaded his piece deliberately, yet quickly, and held it at aim until he could sight at the flash of the gun, and then fired; while the other man loaded and fired in the general direction of the enemy as fast as he could, using up three cartridges to one used by his neighbor. I said nothing, because, while he was not hitting anybody he was helping to make the noise, and in standing off a Filipino attack noise plays an important part.

The importance of marksmanship was illustrated in the Philippines in another way. Time and again our men captured trenches occupied by a superior force, simply because the defenders could not shoot straight. If the Filipinos had been as good marksmen as the Americans three times as many men, or more, would have been required to suppress the insurrection.

One obstacle in the way of regular and general target practice is the inability of many companies and regiments to secure good ranges within convenient reach, or any range at all in many instances. Many States are very niggardly in their appropriations for their national guard, and it requires all the national allotment of those States merely to maintain the guard in ordinary condition. The general public, from the body of which legislators come, and which they represent, has not yet fully comprehended that rifle practice is of far more importance to the soldier than drilling for parades. A qualified sharpshooter in a tattered uniform is a far more serviceable soldier than one neatly dressed parading with a gun on his shoulder which he does not know how to use. State and regimental pride demand new uniforms and perfect alignment of parade; but common sense demands rifle range and their constant use by every enlisted man.

### Dog Has Bank Account.

Bluff, a bulldog, is heir to a fortune of $1,000, left by his master, William E. Butts, a wealthy resident of Chicago, who died recently. Bluff, so far as is known, is the only dog in the world with a bank account. A little bank book will be issued in the name of Bluff and checks against the account will be signed "Bluff" by the administrator of the estate, who will look after Bluff's future.

### Rat's Strange Death.

A cocoanut was brought to me just as picked up in a Colomba garden, with the head of a big rat fixed into the nut, the rat being not long dead. Clearly the rat was up a tree nibbling at or rather being well into the nut, nearly full size, when the nut tumbled and before it could withdraw it was crushed to death between the nut and the ground.—Ceylon Observer.


## SUBSTANTIAL

# Lowering of Suit Prices!

Today we commence a period of Suit Selling destined to be the best in the department's history. To get quickly to the bottom of the matter, these few facts are told. Within a very short time the space occupied by these suits will be taken for advance summer garments. This low price method is taken to get what Spring Suits remain out in time to accommodate the new arrivals.

The following prices will prove interesting to the woman who has yet to purchase her Spring Suit.

**$10.00 SUITS FOR $7.50.**

Latest styles stripes and plain colors. Sale Price $7.50.

**$12.00 SUITS FOR $9.98.**

Blue and brown, self striped Panama, Prince Chap Style. Sale Price $9.98.

**$14.00 SUITS FOR $10.00.**

Worsteds and self stripe Panama, Prince Chap and Cutaway style. Sale Price $10.00.

**$17.50 SUITS FOR $15.50.**

Excellent quality of Chiffon Panama, blues, browns and black. Jacket 27 inches, ¾ fitting back with dip front, worth $20.00. Sizes 14 to 40. Sale Price $15.50.

**$18.00 and $20.00 SUITS FOR $12.98.**

Sizes 14 to 36—every suit a new creation.

**22.50 and 23.00 SUITS FOR 16.00**

Elegant materials and tailorings—blues, brown and greens. Many of the best models. Sale Price $16.00.

**25.00 SUITS FOR 17.50.**

Excellent assortment, most all sizes in this lot. Best styles included. High grade handsome materials.

**32.00 and 35.00 SUITS FOR 25.00.**

The newest creations. Some of them copies of fine imported models, fine quality of fabrics—good color variety. Sale Price $25.00.

**F. P. PURSEL.**

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

**We Have Ten Styles of**

# Envelopes and Paper to Match

—FOR—

**Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets, Announcements, &c.**

Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

**Twenty-Four Styles of Type**

FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

# We Do All Kinds of Printing

# Columbian Printing House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

**Jayne's Expectorant** Cures Coughs and Colds
For 75 years the favorite family medicine for throat and lungs.

# EVANS' SHOE STORE

Ready for Spring Business.

Great 1908 Spring line of Shoes and Oxfords. Every Shoe or Oxford in our Spring line will carry with it ALL THE QUALITY it is possible to put into a shoe consistent with price.

**Prices $1.50 to $6.00**

ALL SIZES.

**THE PROGRESSIVE SHOE STORE**

# CHAS. M. EVANS.



## THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JULY 9 1908

*Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.*


Bloomsburg is now entirely free from contagious diseases.

There will be a band concert at Columbia Park on Sunday afternoon.

There are seven patients in the hospital at present. This is an unusually small number.

Joseph Crawford has purchased the grocery store of J. D. Armstrong.

A. W. Snyder, Mifflinville's leading merchant, was in town on Monday.

W. H. Brooke took a business trip to various points in New York state this week.

Dr. F. P. Manhart, a former pastor of the Lutheran church, was in town on Monday.

Robbins' circus, the only one that comes here this summer, will be in town tomorrow.

Bruce Albert has been elected Principal of the Scott township High School.

Ent Post G. A. R. will extend an invitation to Gov. Stuart to be present at the dedication of the Soldiers' Monument in September.

Dr. G. H. Hemingway delivered the oration on the Fourth at Millville. It was a very excellent address.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira S. Brown of Bridgeport, Conn., spent a few days with Bloomsburg relatives last week.

The Citizens Band will give a concert at Columbia Park on Sunday afternoon. A fine program has been prepared.

Mrs. Elizabeth Shutt, relict of the late Elijah Shutt, was ninety-one years old on Monday She possesses all her mental faculties, but is unable to walk.

W. O. Holmes & Son have completed the erection of a fire escape on the First National Bank building. They will also place two on the Normal School.

Miss Blanche Millard of Centralia, and Miss Margaret Miller, of Harrisburg, were the guests of Miss Sara Milleisen several days during the past week.

H. V. White has discovered that live steam effectually cleans the dust and cobwebs from a flour mill. A hose is attached to the boiler and carried to all parts of the mill. It does the work completely.

The father of Rev. F. V. Frisbie, steward of the Normal School, was buried on July 4th at his home in Oswell, Bradford county, aged 77 years. He was a prominent citizen, and well known throughout Bradford county.

A veteran reaching the age of 62 years, irrespective of physical disability, is entitled to a pension of $12 a month; 70 years, $15 a month; 75 years or over, $20 a month. Section 4702 of the U. S. Revised Statutes provides that the widow shall receive the same pension paid to her husband at the time of his death, to be discontinued should she marry again.


**Albra W. Baker, M. D.,**

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DISEASES OF CHILDREN A SPECIALTY

Corner of Third and West Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hours:—Until 10 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Both Telephones.

5-7-6m


Miriam, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. M. J. Hess has so far recovered from a recent operation at the hospital as to be able to be removed to the family cottage at Arbutus Park.

David J. Tasker, who for seven years was the local editor of this paper, is spending a few weeks in town. For the past three years he has been the manager of Lyman J. Howe's leading moving picture show.

G. G. Baker has been making many additions and improvements to his property on West street, and now has a fine residence. A large new porch has been recently added, and the house repainted.

The latest and most fantastic jingo invention intended to stimulate the demand for more battleships is the story industriously circulated that the great war vessels the Brazilian Government has contracted for in English shipyards are really intended for Japan. What next?

Annie Gould, formerly the Countess de Castellane is at last married to the Prince de Sagan. It is hoped that they will disappear from the public eye for a time at least. It is almost inevitable that they will again become notorious by appearing in the divorce court in due time.

The 46th star representing the state of Oklahoma, has been sewn on an American flag which was presented to the new state by Philadelphia, during the celebration in the Quaker City, July 4, by Mrs. Charles Alexander in the Betsy Ross house in Philadelphia. The ceremony was witnessed by a large audience of visitors and school children, who sang "Guard the Flag," after the star was sewn on the field.

The Department of Commerce and Labor has sent out return postal cards requesting farmers and other employers to send in information as to their needs. These cards have been received at the Bloomsburg office and have been placed in the rural letter boxes. The government without any expense to the farmer will put him in touch with those seeking employment. In this way it is expected that labor will be more equally distributed than now. Very few are taking advantage of the offer, however.

Grant Herring, of Sunbury, won a big legal battle recently in securing a reversal in the supreme court of Judge Auten's decision in the case of Motorman Latshaw, of the Shamokin & Edgewood Park Electric Railway, against the company, in which the motorman secured a verdict of $9,000 for injuries sustained in a collision with another car. Judge Auten refused the defendants a non-suit and upon this point Senator Herring secured a reversal, practically deciding the suit for the railway company.

The Luzerne County Prison Board has awarded a contract for the enlargement of the jail at a cost of $71,800. The plans for the improvement contemplate the erection of another story on each of the two wings, together with the rebuilding of the centre wing. The addition will be of the same material that the present jail is constructed of. On account of the imperative need of greater accommodations for prisoners the successful bidders are expected to hurry the work through as rapidly as possible. It is hoped that the contract can be completed by December 1. The proposed addition will provide accommodations for 100 additional prisoners, together with suitable quarters for female prisoners.

### To Make Meat Tender.

How many cooks know that when boiling meat—corned beef, chicken, in fact, meat of any kind—a tablespoonful of vinegar to a large piece, a smaller spoonful to a smaller piece placed in the water when first put over the fire, will make it deliciously tender. There will be positively no flavor of the vinegar in the meat when cooked.

### Clothing Stores to Close.

All clothing stores of town will be closed every evening of each week except Mondays and Saturdays and pay day nights during the summer.

### Removed to Hospital.

William Maiers, manager of the Grand Union Tea company's branch store in Danville, who has been ill for several days with a fever, was brought to the Joseph Ratti hospital on Monday.

### Tax Duplicates.

The duplicates for dog, state, county, school and poor taxes for 1908 are now in the hands of L. M. Sleppy, collector, for collection. A discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed until August 31st.

### A STATE ROAD.

It is probable that Bloomsburg will have a state road from the town hall down East street up to the Scott township line in the near future. The town council favors the project, and it is likely that some action will soon be taken in the matter.

### VICTIMS OF THE FOURTH.

Seventy-two dead and 2,736 injured in the United States.

These are the results for the country of the celebration of the Fourth of July Saturday. The figures for the entire country were compiled by the Chicago *Tribune* by telegraphic service from every city and town in the United States. This breaks all records for deaths since 1899. The number of deaths this year is thirteen more than at the same time last year.

### Why No Samples?

We have many requests for free samples of Humphreys' Homeopathic Specifics. The reason we do not respond to these calls is, that a few doses of the proper Specific is apt to cure the most serious illness, and a quarter of a Dollar is a small risk to secure restored health. Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all diseases mailed free on request, address Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 156 William St., New York.

### PROF. NOETLING.

A number of friends of Prof. Willlam Noetling went to his home in Selinsgrove on Wednesday to help him celebrate his 78th birthday. About 20 were present and it was a great surprise to him. A dinner was served at the National Hotel. Those present from town were: Prof. and Mrs. C. H. Albert, Prof. and Mrs. J. G. Cope, Prof. W. B. Sutliff and Miss Bell, of the Normal School.

### Cleveland's Memoirs.

Under orders from Mrs. Cleveland work has begun on the memoirs of the late President, including clippings from newspapers and periodicals on his death and funeral. The work will require six months to complete.

As planned there will be several volumes, consisting of editorial notices, news dispatches, illustrations and cartoons, each bound in Russian levant leather, and lined with purple moire silk. Already material enough is in hand to make up six hundred pages.

### Send for a Free Catalogue.

A new and handsome premium catalogue has just been completed and is now ready for distribution. If you are a reader of a Philadelphia daily newspaper, write to *The Philadelphia Press* for one of their latest premium catalogues and become acquainted with the twentieth century way of securing beautiful premiums, which they give to people who subscribe for this Great Home Newspaper by mail. Catalogue will be mailed free upon receipt of a postal card. Address *The Press*, Circulation Department, Seventh and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

### Costs a Lot to Tell Taft.

It will cost $25,000 to notify William H. Taft that he has been nominated for the Presidency. The Taft Notification Day Committee has sent out appeals for subscriptions, stating that all this and possibly more will be needed if the plans that have been arranged are carried out. Probably $50,000 will be required.

Taft will be formally notified of his nomination in Eden Park, the largest park in Cincinnati, so as to give as many people as possible an opportunity to be present.


CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought


### BEREA'S COMMENCEMENT.

**Mountaineers of Kentucky Make It Unique.**

A college commencement, which besides possessing the rural academic solemnity, partakes of the nature of a county fair and a county court day is one of the annual features at Berea College. The institution is in the borderland between the Kentucky Blue Grass region and the Cumberland Mountains, and to it come early each June some five or six thousand men, women and children of the strongly individual types developed by the independent life of that region.

On commencement day the usually quiet college campus becomes a tethering ground for thousands of horses, and is almost choked with wagons which, with hickory chairs for seats, have brought whole families from the blue hills over unspeakable roads, with buggies and smarter turnouts from the more prosperous Blue Grass farms. While the graduation ceremonies are being carried on in a great "tabernacle" built for use on that one day of the year only, horse swapping, electioneering, dickering over wood and land deals, with innumerable family reunions and unlimited gossip, are going on outside, and booths which dispense the usual concoctions of a circus do a rushing business, their wares being almost unknown in the mountains and being, therefore, greatly desired.

Just why those thousands, many of whom have little interest in the college or the students, should gather on its campus annually, has never been explained, but the crowds have been there since the Civil War days and in about the same numbers. In the old days it often happened that feudsmen who had successfully avoided meeting at home would encounter upon each other in the throng, and then there would be a sudden scattering of the crowds to the shelter of the tree trunks and wagons till one man went down. But of late years the peaceful influence of the place has made itself felt, and now there is seldom even a case of "drunk and disorderly."

The assembly remains, however, the greatest drawing card in Eastern Kentucky, and many a wagonload of men and women comes to it over a hundred miles of mountains, fording streams and walking up hills which are too steep for the horses' strength, often spending two or three days on the road. As they near the towns they find the hospitable homes filled to overflowing, and on the nights before and after the great day parties may be seen encamped along the great pikes leading into the hills and often on the campus itself.

One girl living fifty miles from Berea, was found awndering around the college buildings one commencement morning, and was taken in tow by a girl student. In the course of the disjointed conversation it came out that she had kept a four-acre plot of corn hoed all spring in order to earn her transportation to town. She was asked why she wanted to come so badly.

"Oh, hit seemed like I'd never git a nother chance to see the world," was the response, and the girl seemed satisfied as she started home that night.

### Lincoln's Last Day.

"I got into the White House before 9 o'clock, not with the expectation of seeing Mr. Lincoln so early, but with the hope that I might get a place at the head of the line and be the first to see him. To my surprise I was told that he would see me at once.

"I found him alone. As I entered the door he got up quickly and strode across the room toward me, saying as he came: 'Hello, Creswell! The war is over!' He grasped my hand with the enthusiasm of a schoolboy and repeated the exclamation, 'The war is over!' adding: 'Look at that telegram from Sherman.' The message assured the President of the culmination of the Carolinas. Indeed, it was glorious news. Many times with a spirit that was delightful to see, Mr. Lincoln exclaimed: 'The war is over!' Then he would stop, grow serious and add. 'But it has been an awful war, Creswell, it has been an awful war! But it is over!'

"When he could leave the theme that was first in his mind and heart, he exclaimed: 'But what are you after? You fellows dont come to see me unless you want something. It must be something big, or you wouldn't be so early.' I told him my errand and handed him my affidavit. He said: 'That's not so hard. You did right to put it in writing. I don't care to read the statement. I know you know how to make affidavits.'

"Then," said Gen. Creswell, "he took my affidavit and wrote a brief word upon it, something like this 'Do this. A. L.,' and gave it to me. I carried it over to the War Office and after the usual fuss got the order issued. Then I went out into Maryland to attend to some business through the day, and got back into the city late at night to find everything in an uproar over the assassination."


**Glasses Cure Fits.**

Suitable eyeglasses are reported to have recently cured a victim of severe epileptic attacks after he had undergone two surgical operations with no relief. The patient's own conviction that his eyes had something to do with his trouble was entirely disregarded as quite contrary to all previous experience.


### THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Democratic National Convention, now in session at Denver, Colorado, will nominate William Jennings Bryan for President. Who will be named for Vice President, is uncertain.

One of the actions of the convention was to overthrow Col. J. M. Guffey as leader of the Pennsylvania Democracy, and to defeat him as member of the National Committee. The direct cause of this was Guffey's open opposition to Mr. Bryan in the state convention. It was asserted by his opponents that he has used the party for his personal ends, and that he betrayed them in 1906. Mr. Guffey has provided nearly all the campaign funds for the party in this state for the past twelve years.

### A 62-Story Building.

**Equitable Life Skyscraper to be 900 Feet High.**

Plans for a new skyscraper which will overtop all New York's lofty buildings, and the flagpole of which will pierce the sky at a greater height than the Eiffel tower in Paris, the highest structure in the world, have been filed by architects for the Equitable Life Assurance society with the building department. The projected building for the Equitable will be a sixty-two story structure, 900 feet from the curb to the tip of the tower, on which will be placed a flagpole 150 feet in length The ball on the flagpole will be seventy-four feet higher than the 985-foot steel Eiffel tower. The main building, which will occupy the site of the present structure of the company on lower Broadway, covering an entire block, will be thirty-four stories, above which will rise a square tower of twenty-eight stories, capped with a cupola. The structure is to cost $10,000,000.

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied.


**MRS. FRANK STROEBE**

*I was a nervous wreck. I felt no desire to live.*

**REMARKABLE RECOVERY, THANKS TO PE-RU-NA.**

Mrs. Frank Stroebe, R. F. D. 1, Appleton, Wis., writes:

"I began using Peruna a few months ago when my health and strength were all gone, and I was nothing but a *nervous wreck*, could not sleep, eat or rest properly, and felt no desire to live.

"Three bottles of Peruna made me look at life in a different light, as I began to *regain my lost strength*. While my recovery took nearly four months, at the end of that time I was better than I ever had been before. I had a splendid color and never weighed more in my life.

"I certainly think Peruna is without a rival as a *tonic and strength builder*, and it has my endorsement."

This lady entirely recovered from a nervous breakdown. She did not go away to a sanitarium, and spend hundreds of dollars for a cure. She just staid at home, took Peruna, and in four months weighed more than ever in her life, had a splendid color, life looked bright to her. Peruna did all this for her. What more could be expected of any remedy?

**Man-a-lin the Ideal Laxative.**

# INTEREST TO YOU.

We are now giving you extra large interest on your money in the way of Big Reduction in prices of many lots of goods. It will pay you to visit the CLARK STORE.

GALATEA CLOTHS

For Suits, Skirts and Childrens wear..... 15c yd

DRESS GINGHAMS.

A lot of 12½c Dress Ginghams at..... 10c yd

32 in. PERCALES

in Newest Patterns for Wash Suits, Waists, Skirts, &c., regular 12½c goods....now 10c

WHITE PETTICOATS

A big line newest effects, all prices. See the 85c., 98c., $2.00 and $2.50.

HOSIERY

All kinds, All Colors. All Prices. See them.

WHITE DRESS GOODS

All kinds for all purposes. All at special prices. Come and see the goods. You can save money.

PRINTED BATISTE

Regular 10c goods. Good patterns.....now 2½c

TAILORED SUITS

Away down go the prices on these fine stylish Suits. Nearly ½ off now See them.

16c PERCALES NOW 12½c

All the newest printings including plain colors, best goods of kind made. Yard wide, now 12½c yard.

KNIT UNDERWEAR

Fine line regular sizes, and for stout or large people.

# THE CLARK STORE


### Marvelous Horses.

**Herr Herzog and His Great Troupe of Performing Stallions.**

A circus without fine horses would be like an opera without fine singers, and the Frank A. Robbins new and greatest all feature shows which is to exhibit in Bloomsburg on Friday, July 10th has just added a whole troupe of the most superb performing stallions, saddle and trick horses ever seen under a circus tent. Ten truly magnificent specimens of equine perfection, all ridden, driven and performed by that master of equestrianism, Herr Hugo Herzog, who brought to this country the greatest stud of high school trick horses ever on exhibition. These marvelous animals do almost everything but talk, while their drills, quick steps, cake walks and general divertisement, under saddle and at liberty in the arena never fail to excite rounds of applause. Herr Herzog is himself a perfect picture of manly grace on horseback, while his prancing steeds are the very embodiment of good manners and good breeding. They waltz, march, maneuvre, walk erect on their hind feet, cavort and obey every wink, nod or wish of their skillful trainer, and deport themselves in a way that would drive the horse set wild with envy.


For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.


### INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

Chas. P. Elwell announces that he will be pleased to receive all former pupils on violin and pianoforte, as well as new ones. No beginners taken, and no evening lessons, owing to band and orchestra work. Latest and best methods.

Terms strictly cash by the lesson or month. Address Hotel Hidlay, Bloomsburg, or call up on Bell 'phone any afternoon between 1 and 2. tf

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

*Estate of Henry James Clark, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Deceased.*

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Henry James Clark, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased, have been granted to H. B. Clark, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

H. B. CLARK,
Executor.

7-2-6t.

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

*Estate of Daniel J. Sullivan, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., Deceased.*

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Daniel J. Sullivan, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

JOSEPH R. MURPHY,
Administrator,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

John G. Harman, Att'y.
6-25-6t.

### IN RE, ESTATE OF KATE J. POPE, DECEASED.

*Notice to Creditors, Legatees and all Parties Interested.*

Take notice that W. C. Johnston, Executor of the will of the said testatrix, has presented his petition to the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, praying for a construction thereof and an adjudication of the alleged intestacy of the decedent as to the balance of her estate in Lenawee County, State of Michigan, and that said Court has fixed Monday, August 3, 1908, at the Court House at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, as the time and place of hearing the said petition, when all parties interested may appear and be heard.

W. C. JOHNSTON,
Executor.

7-9-2t.


**Here is Relief for Women.**

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered an aromatic, pleasant herb cure for women's ills, called **Australian Leaf.** It is the only certain regulator. Cures female weaknesses and Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cents. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. 6-11-4t

# BRYANITES RULE SESSION

## Guffey and Parker Humiliated After Bell Lauds Nebraskan's Ideas.

## BELL MAKES ADDRESS

**Decks Have Been Cleared for Bryan's Nomination—Session Which Lasted Only Two Hours Was Featureless—Banners Cause Little Enthusiasm.**

Denver, Col., July 9.—With William J. Bryan's power asserted to the humiliation of two of his chief foes, the Democratic National Convention closed its first session in two hours on Tuesday. In that time it had cleared the decks for the nomination of Bryan and the adoption of a thoroughly Bryanistic platform, had virtually read Col. James M. Guffey of Pennsylvania out of the party, made Judge Alton B. Parker, Democratic candidate in 1904 eat humble pie on his Cleveland resolutions, and had listened to the keynote speech of Temporary Chairman Theodore Bell of California, who, in a strong address admirably rendered, enunciated as the principles of the Democratic party practically all of Bryans doctrines.

For the greater part of its length the session was featureless. The action on the Cleveland resolution and the Guffey incident, both of which occurred near the close, one following the other, constituted the real work of the day. In the steering of a "steam roller" over the representatives of certain sections of the party may be termed work.

At the close the onlookers left the hall with two pictures in their mind. One was that of a humbled Parker, somewhat red of face and obviously unhappy, leaving the platform; the other of a defiant, smiling Guffey waving farewell to his party from the middle of the floor.

As the doors of the hall were opened the visitors and the delegates filed in steadily until within an hour the hall was comfortably filled. The band during the hour played various selections, and the first cheer to be heard in Denver's magnificent new public building was that which greeted "My Old Kentucky Home." The Kentucky delegates started the noise and a little later the Southern contingent greeted "Dixie" with a mighty shout and cheering.

In distinct contrast with these ovations was that accorded the arrival of the first Bryan banner, which was carried by the Nebraska volunteers. It was a pretty banner and it caused a lot of talk. The cheering, though, which came entirely from the floor where the delegates were seated, lasted but a few seconds, and lacked both spontaneity and genuineness. The second banner with the Nebraskan's portait upon it raised scarcely a ripple.

Following are the leading points made in the Democratic platform.

"We favor such a modification of the law relating to injunctions as will, first prevent the issuing of the writ in industrial disputes except after notice to defendants, second, forbid trial before a judge other than the one who issued the writ, and, third, allow a jury to be summoned in all cases where the alleged contempt is committed outside the presence of the Court."

"Equal rights to all and special privileges to none' is the overshadowing issue at this time."

"We insist upon legislation, State and national, making it unlawful for any corporation to contribute to campaign funds, and providing for publication, before the election, of all individual contributions above a reasonable minimum."

"We favor the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people."

"We favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal law against trusts and trust magnates."

We favor an immediate revision of the tariff. Articles entering into competition with articles controlled by trusts should be placed upon the free list."

"We favor an income tax * * * and a national inheritance tax to reach the 'swollen fortunes' already in existence."

"Both nation and States should assertain present value of railroads, ensured by cost of reproduction prohibit issue of any more watered stock or fictitious capitalization; prohibit railroads from engaging in any business which brings them in competition with their shippers, and reduce transportation rates to a point where they will yield only a reasonable return on the present value of the roads."

"Emergency currency should be issued and controlled by the federal government."

"We are opposed to the admission of Asiatic immigrants who cannot be amalgamated with our population."

### Milwaukee Closes 70 Saloons.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 8.—Saloon agitation in Milwaukee was accomplished when, under orders from the City Council and the Police Chief, seventy-nine saloons which had failed to get licenses, closed their doors. The saloons include three dozen near-beer halls connected with saloons in various parts of the city. Several Socialist saloons are in the list.

### FLEET TO SAIL FOR HONOLULU.

**The Sixteen Battleships Ready to Leave San Francisco.**

San Francisco, July 9.—Tuesday is the last day in this harbor for the Atlantic battleship fleet of sixteen, and for the first time since the arrival of the ships here San Francisco streets are free from groups of sightseeing sailors. Squads of men armed with arguments in the shape of stout police "billies" searched every nook and cranny of the city, gathering in the straggling sailors and shipping them by the launch load to their vessels. On Tuesday afternoon they will set their course out through the Golden Gate, Rear-Admiral Charles S. Sperry in command, and steam away for Honolulu. There will be no fuss or ceremony to mark their going.

REAR ADMIRAL SPERRY.

The markets of the city have been taxed to the limit to supply the fleet with the stores.

Three cases of typhoid fever were discovered on the Nebraska. The sick men were removed to the Marine Hospital here. Sixteen portable organs, one to each ship, were presented by the Los Angeles Young Men's Christian Association.

### Guffey Answers Bryan.

Denver, Co., July 7.—Col. James A. Guffey, National Committeeman from Pennsylvania, accused by William J. Bryan of party treachery in a speech at his home on the Fourth of July, made a sensational reply to the attack. The issuance of the statement means Guffey's defeat by the convention.

Mr. Guffey calls Bryan an ingrate and one of the worst bosses the party has produced. He says that the late Marcus Daly, the Montana Copper King; William R. Hearst and himself furnished the necessary funds for carrying out Bryan's two previous campaigns. After Hearst had not only supplied money for the 1900 campaign, but given Bryan the benefit of wide publicity, Mr. Guffey says he turned against this benefactor in 1904, but that he is now fawning upon him. Marcus Daly, he remarks, died too early for a display of ingratitude.

This statement was issued after Guffey had conferred with ex-State Chairman Donnelly, Thomas J. Ryan, and several intimate associates on the National Committee. It is the first open assault the reactionaries have dared to make against Bryan. It means that Bryan and Guffey have locked arms in an uncompromising war.

### Bars Burned School Site.

Cleveland, July 8.—The injunction of the Common Pleas Court restraining the Collingwood Board of Education from erecting a new schoolhouse on the site of where 164 children lost their lives will stand until further order. Judge Keeler has decided that he would not grant a motion of the School Board to dissolve the injunction.

"The Board chose the old site and let the contract," said Judge Keeler. "Their proceedings were in legal form, but I find that they violated the discretion reposed in a board acting for the public benefit.

"A large part of the Collingwood public has a horror of seeing children play where the bodies of other children were burned. The board can find vacant property in the vicinity of the old site. It was indiscreet in choosing the old site in face of the violent objection."

### Grand Prix Kills Two Racers.

Dieppe, July 9.—Two lives were sacrificed, one driver almost lost the sight of one eye and another was severely hurt in the running for the Grand Prix, the blue ribbon of the automobile world. Almost a million persons saw the race, which was won by Lautenschlager in a Mercedes car. His time was 6 hours, 53 minutes and 43 3-5 seconds, and he maintained an average speed of 69.05 miles an hour.

### Bishop Potter Improving.

Cooperstown, N. Y., July 8.—There is an appreciable improvement in the condition of Bishop Henry Codman Potter, who has been critically ill at Fernleigh, his summer home here, for a week or more. His heart continues to respond to the treatment and his pulse and respiration are very nearly normal. The indications point toward ultimate recovery, but it will necessarily be very slow.

# WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

## Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

## HOME AND FOREIGN

**Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.**

Such a severe storm prevailed at Lincoln that train service was suspended, stranding ex-Congressman Bell, Temporary Chairman of the Denver Convention. At Mr. Bryan's suggestion he started for Denver on a hand-car.

Llamas, a South American student who eloped with Mrs. William Smith, of Lafayette, Ind., twice his age, was arrested on a charge of making off with her $12,400. The money was recovered.

Attorney General Jackson of New York, brought suit to dissolve the Ice Trust and announced he would begin an investigation of the Beef Trust immediately.

Frederick Gies, foreman in the press rooms of the Curtis Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, was taken into custody by the police as a suspect in connection with the murder of Dr. William H. Wilson, who died on June 26, after drinking from a bottle of poisoned ale which had been sent to him through a local express office.

The Socialist Labor party nominated Martin R. Preston, of Nevada, a convict in prison, for President of the United States, and Donald Munro of Virginia for Vice President.

At Stamford, Conn., James Hayes survived a current of 11,000 volts, more than three times the voltage used on murderers at Sing Sing.

The Central Federated Union passed resolutions demanding federal inquiry into the raising of prices by the Beef Trust.

Frank H. Hitchcock is to be chairman of the Republican National Committee.

Addressing a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. New York City, the Rev. Charles A. Mitchell, president of the Stella Purity Association, said he had heard upon good authority that only one-eighth of the marriages in this country are happy marriages.

Mrs. M. A. Dewolf Howe, wife of the former Bishop of Pennsylvania, died at Bristol, R. I.

Dynamite wrecked the Lehigh Valley Railroad Viaduct at Buffalo.

Western Radicals began a street-corner campaign in Denver for an anti-injunction plank in the Democratic national platform.

Candidate Taft has practically decided that Hitchcock shall be National Chairman, with Vorys in charge of the West.

It is reported apparently on inside information, that President Roosevelt is to buy the Union Theological Seminary site in New York City, and to build on it or part of it, a city mansion.

Justice Gaynor, sustained by Justices Woodward and Jenks, in an opinion reversing a conviction for conducting a Sunday amusement declared that the Christian world outside of the British Isles has never entertained the Old Testament notion of a "still" Sunday

The Saratoga Association announced that the Saratoga race meeting would last for only eleven days this year instead of twenty-two and that many of the historic stakes would be cut in value.

Secretary Root played a joke on Muldoon, the trainer, and the latter took a four-mile walk that he had intended Mr. Root to take.

A movement to organize housewives and pledge them to boycott meat trust butchers was begun in New York City.

Frank Palmer of Newark, failing in an attempt to kill his wife, blew out his own brains

Trenton has unveiled a monument to the late John A. Roebling.

### FOREIGN.

Twelve thousand men are reported to have been slain during a series of battles at Tabriz between the troops of the Shah of Persia and the revolutionists, says a special cable dispatch from Teheran.

Senor Arias resigned as Panama's Secretary of State, and members of his party saw in the action a protest against the "interference" of the United States in the political situation.

Mr. Charles C. Glover of the Riggs National Bank of Washington, now in London, says that the new currency law would prevent any such business disturbances as that of last autumn.

Bishop Brent says a special Manila despatch, has left the Philippines for none.

Mlle. Sheishnova, who was confined in the political prison at Kiev, Russia, was shot and killed by one of the prison sentinels, who discovered her signalling with a mirror to some of her co-prisoners.

Gen. Firmin, the leader of the last unsuccessful revolution in Haiti has arrived at Havre.

### CLEVELAND TRIBUTE A BOMB.

**Parker's Resolution Regarded as Attempt to Stir up Strife.**

Denver, July 9.—The publication of Alton B. Parker's resolution of tribute to the memory of the late Grover Cleveland has acted like the explosion of a bomb shell in the midst of the Bryan followers, and they have at once taken steps to head off its introduction in the convention. They charge that the proposed introduction of the resolution is a deliberate attack on Mr. Bryan and intended to stir up bitter factional strife.

To squelch the Parker resolution the friends of the Nebraskan have determined to offer a resolution of a character designed not to raise controverted political issues. The resolution is denounced by such Bryan leaders as Mayor James C. Dahlman of Omaha, and Judge M. E. Wade of Iowa, the member of the National Committee from that State. They state that its adoption would be a direct slap at Bryan, and insist that in giving it out for publication the New York delegation intended to disparage the Nebraska candidate.

The portions of the resolution which particularly arcused the ire of the friends of Mr. Bryan relate to Mr. Cleveland's record on the question of maintaining the integrity of the courts and finances, the paragraphs being as follows:

"He respected the integrity of our courts and so insisted upon strict enforcement of the law that every honest man or interest might be protected and all offenders punished without fear or favor.

"He maintained the public credit and honor, stood firm as a rock in defence of sound principles of finance, and resisted dangerous economic doctrines and practices left by the Republican party as a heritage of our people."

It was said by Mayor Dahlman that these expressions are but thinly veiled attacks upon Mr. Bryan and his well known attitude upon the question of adopting an anti-injunction plank, and his position in 1896 and 1900 on the money question.

### Ruef Out on $1,560,000 Bail.

San Francisco, July 8.—Abraham Ruef was released from the county jail on bonds aggregataing $1,560,000, the largest amount ever given in a criminal case in this State. The sum is the aggregate bail on seventy-eight indictments charging Ruef with bribing the former Board of Supervisors in connection with the granting of franchises to public corporations and on which he was taken in custody on March 8, 1907. Twenty sureties, including Ruef's father and sister and himself, signed the bonds.

### Says Omaha Drinks Mud.

Omaha, Neb., July 8.—That citizens of Omaha drink thirty-one tons of mud daily in the city water from the Missouri River was the testimony given in the Federal Court in Omaha in a water works case, by the City Chemist. The city makes the charge that the water company does not furnish unadulterated water and refuses payment of the city's bill on that account. As drawn from a hydrant a glass of Missouri River water cannot be seen through until after settling for half an hour.

### Denies $1-A-Word Rumors.

Oyster Bay, July 9.—Authoritative and emphatic denial of rumors that President Roosevelt had received an an offer of more than $1 a word for the stories he will write of his experience in the African jungles in search of big game has been made in the executive offices here. Further assertion was made that the President had entered into no contract as yet with publishers for the exclusive right to publish his stories.

### Indians Threaten War.

Oklahoma City, Okla., July 8.—Tw thousand Snake Indians have armed, three wagon loads of Winchesters having been taken into their camp. They say they will fight if all the homestead certificates are not delivered at once. The Indian agent has gone to the camp to try to pacify them. The Indians say that the whites through Government officials dealing with half-breeds in the Oklahoma cities, are obtaining possession of their lands for only a nominal remuneration.

### Firebug Burns College.

Olean, N. Y., July 8.—The main building of St. Bonaventure College, at Allegany, has been destroyed by fire. The Jesuit Fathers who have charge of the institution, cannot account for the fire except by the theory of incendiarism. About $80,000 loss was suffered on the building and $30,000 on its contents, books and furniture. A Black Hand letter was received recently by Father Butler, threatening that the College would be burned unless $10,000 blackmail was given.

### Chicken Thief Rides in Auto.

Utica, N. Y., July 7.—During the month of June more than 2,000 fowls were stolen in Oneida county. Most of the thefts have been in the town of Sangerfield, where there are extensive poultry yards with so many chickens that a roll call is a big task. A farmer surprised a thief the other day and was in turn surprised when the man jumped into a big touring car and went tearing over the hill at a rate which made pursuit useless.

It is said that Standard Oil magnates have come to C. W. Morse's aid.

# CROWD AT CONVENTION

## Delegates and Sightseers Seem to Come from Close to the Soil.

## HOTEL LOBBIES FULL

**Majority of the Delegates Look Much More Like Populists Than Democrats — The Farmer Element Everywhere Distinguishable—Number of Women Attend.**

Denver, Col., July 8.—In appearance this is a Populist convention. The majority of the delegates look much more like Populists than like the Democrats of eight and twelve years ago.

Very naturally the crowd here had to stand comparison with the crowd at the Republican National Convention in Chicago two weeks ago. The men here are less prosperous looking than those who gathered in Chicago. They more obviously represent the masses. The farmer element is everywhere distinguishable. The majority of the delegates come from close to the soil and they look it.

Furthermore, taken as a whole, the delegates here are older than were those at Chicago, and in fact they appear older than those who attended the Democratic conventions of four and eight years back. The women, and there are a considerable number of them here, too, are the wives of farmers, small merchants, middle class artisans. Nearly all are simple folks. The contrast between the two conventions finds its most striking feature in the individual characteristics of the delegates.

All this, of course, does not apply to the leaders or the delegates from the large cities, such as New York and Chicago. The leaders are noticeably better dressed than the average. They, too, are pointed out, and their names are whispered as they pass by, comment, generally laudatory being added. The delegates from the larger cities, easily distinguishable because of their clothes are apparently held in some awe by the multitude. Most of them don't seem to like the distinction. They travel in groups of three or four, and if left alone for a few minutes are obviously ill at ease.

Nearly every one here wears a badge. Some of the badges are of a cheap variety, signifying only the choice of some particular candidate for Vice President. Several of the delegates from the middle Western States, have badges bearing the picture of Bryan. Others of the delegates wear badges that may have cost considerable money. Perhaps the best is the Iowa badge with its corncob top in green and gold and its State seal pendant at the end of the red, white, and blue ribbon.

Kansas of course, is represented by the sunflower, and its delegates' badges are great big ribbons with silk sunflowers at the top.

In fact, there is a great deal more interest in the music and the badges and the singing and the cheering than there is in the politics of the convention, with which the majority of the delegates have little or nothing to do—a condition for which they seem extremely grateful.

### Roosevelt for Vice President.

Denver, July 7.—Former Governor Charles S. Thomas of Colorado, who will represent the State on the Committee on resolutions in the forthcoming Democratic convention, said with seriousness that he was for Roosevelt for Vice President. "He is by long odds the strongest man we could name," he said, "and I believe that if his name was presented he would prove a winner, and that if nominated he would accept. I don't see how he could refuse."

"Aren't you afraid that if you get to discussing Roosevelt too strongly for any position the convention will be stampeded for him for first place?" a Republican bystander asked.

"I shouldn't be surprised," replied Governor Thomas. "A worse thing might come upon us; he is the strongest man that could be nominated, and if the people should get together and nominate him on an independent ticket I am sure he would beat both the other nominees."

### Peary Ship Starts For Pole.

New York, July 8.—While whistles blasted and the voices of a multitude united in cheers, the Roosevelt was towed away from the pier at the foot of East Twenty-fourth street, and steamed slowly up the East River, her destination being just as close to the North Pole as it is practicable to keep her while Robert E. Peary makes a new effort to plant the stars and stripes upon the pole itself.

### Abruzzi Makes Love by Cable.

Naples, July 8.—The Duke of the Abruzzi, commanding the battleship Regina Elena, off Gaeta, has been in daily communication by cable with Miss Katherine Elkins. A launch carries his despatches to land, making the trip five or six times a day.

### Steel Trust Absorbs Another Plant.

Pittsburg, July 8.—The United States Steel Corporation has purchased the Schoen Car Wheel plant for $2,000,000, thus ending the bitter war between the Steel Trust and the Schoen concern.

### MME. GOULD MARRIED.

**Becomes Princess De Sagan in a London Church.**

London, July 9.—Prince Helie de Sagan and Mme. Anna Gould were married on Wednesday and there were two ceremonies, the civil one taking place in a Registrar's office in Henrietta street and the second following a few minutes later in the French Protestant Reform Church, in Soho square.

PRINCE dELIE DE SAGAN.

Both ceremonies were about as nearly informal as such ceremonies can be, as the bride and bridegroom were determined to avoid publicity as far as possible, and they did, to the extent that the London public knew nothing of their plans.

The ceremony of course, was entirely in French. The pastor read an exhortation of some length and prayed and then the couple stood. Both the Prince and his bride made their responses in a low tone and the Prince put on the ring, which was a circles of diamonds set in platinum. Then there was another prayer, after which the organist played "Abide with Me." The pastor pronounced the blessing and then shook each by the hand. The Prince and Princess then walked down the aisle to the vestry room, they and the witnesses signed the church register and the wedding certificate was made out.

PRINCESS HELIE DE SAGAN.

### Sherman to Return to Utica.

Cleveland, July 6.—It has been definitely decided that James S. Sherman, Republican candidate for Vice President, will leave for his home in Utica, N. Y., on Thursday. Mr. Sherman has almost entirely recovered his strength and expresses himself as feeling in good health again.

### BASE BALL.

**Standing of the Clubs.**

**National League.**

| | W. | L. | P.C. | | W. | L. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburg | 44 | 27 | .620 | Boston | 32 | 39 | .451 |
| Chicago | 41 | 27 | .603 | Philadelphia | 27 | 35 | .435 |
| New York | 42 | 29 | .592 | Brooklyn | 26 | 41 | .388 |
| Cincinnati | 37 | 35 | .514 | St. Louis | 27 | 43 | .386 |

**American League.**

| | W. | L. | P.C. | | W. | L. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 42 | 29 | .592 | Philadelphia | 35 | 33 | .515 |
| Detroit | 41 | 30 | .577 | Boston | 32 | 39 | .451 |
| Cleveland | 39 | 31 | .557 | New York | 27 | 44 | .380 |
| Chicago | 40 | 32 | .556 | Washington | 26 | 44 | .371 |

### NEW YORK MARKET.

**Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the West.**

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, 95½@96½c.
No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.14⅝.
CORN—No. 2, 78c.
OATS—Mixed, white, 54@55c.
BUTTER—Western firsts, 21½c.
State Dairy, 20½@21½c.
CHEESE—State, full cream, 11¾@12¾c.
MILK—Per quart, 2½c.
EGGS—State and nearby fancy, 23c.; do., good to choice, 20@22c.; western firsts, 17@19c.
BEEVES—City Dressed 8½@12½.
CALVES—City Dressed, 7½@11½c; Country Dressed, 6@9½c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $2.00@$4.00.
HOGS—Live per 100 lbs., $5.50@$6.50.
HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., 60@82½c.
STRAW—New, per 100 lbs., 50c.
LIVE POULTRY—Spring Chickens per lb., 20c.; Turkeys per lb., 13c.; Ducks per lb., 11@12c.; Fowls per lb., 13c.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 12@17c.; Fowls per lb., 10@13½c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 28@30c.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, No. 1, per bbl., $2.50@$3.50.
ONIONS—Jersey, per basket, 75@$1.12.

## REDUCE STOUTNESS.

**Superfluous Flesh About Hips Worn Away By Using Certain Muscles and Regular Exercise.**

It seemed to me at one time wholly unnecessary to say anything more about exercises that would reduce hips and abdomen, for I thought every woman must know what they were. Yet repeated letters asking how the result can be achieved make it evident that many are either ignorant of the method, or have forgotten it, and for the benefit of those it is given again.

Before saying anything describing the exercises I would make it as emphatic as I could that unless they are done faithfully, at least once a day, and preferably twice, and unless all the physical strength one has is put into them they will be useless. Spasmodic effort is time thrown away, as is also half hearted action. There must be force and swing. Not before a month of daily exercise has elapsed can one expect to see a change, but if one has courage and patience, success will follow. These are the exercises taken several years ago by Lillian Russell to regain her youthful figure, and she is surely a personification of the efficacy of physical culture.

In beginning the exercises it is probable that five minutes will be exhausting and in that case they should be stopped, and resumed later in the day. Persistent effort will make it possible to do them fifteen minutes and later even half an hour. The last is the proper length of time. The subject should in the end be tired, but not exhausted.

Deep breathing is a necessary part of all exercises. Of course no corsets are worn.

Begin by standing firmly on both feet, draw in the muscles of the abdomen and inhale a deep breath as the arms are raised high above the head till the thumbs meet. Bend back from the waist with the arms still raised, resume natural original pose, and while exhaling bring the arms down with a sweep until the finger tips touch the floor without bending the knees. A stout woman will not be able to bring her fingers to the floor until she has tried many times, but by degrees she can accomplish it. When she does she may know that already the abdomen is decreasing. Do not hurry with the exercise, and under no consideration bend the knees.

Repeat at least five times, and as many more as you can. Then, still standing, make the arm limp, or "devitalize" as it is technically called, and bend first one side and then the other from the wrist as far as one can. In all these exercises keep the hips rigid.

The next motion is to twist the body around first one side and then the other as far as one can without wrenching, and without allowing the hips to move. This is well called a "wringing" exercise, and is excellent to cure indigestion and wear away flesh. It should be done so that the muscles and cords stretch.

More difficult, but not to be neglected, is the effort to stand on one foot raising the other, then clasping the hands about the knee to draw it as close to the chest as possible. This may not be done at all until after many fruitless endeavors, but it is worth persisting in. Do it with one knee and then with the other.

The last exercise is one to be specially recommended to business women who sit much at a desk. The constant weight of the trunk on the hips instead of the feet, is likely to develop them to undesirable size, and this exercise taken twice a day will keep them down:—

Sit with the torso held comfortably erect. Draw in the abdomen, inflate the chest and put the finger tips to the shoulders. Then twist the body from the waist up as far as possible, first to right and then to the left without moving the hips. It is the "wringing" exercise done sitting.

All this is troublesome and takes time, I know, but a woman cannot expect to change her figure without work. This is safe and sure, and it depends upon herself whether she will be slender or through lack of effort have a homely figure that deserves the name.—Telegram.

### Essentials of a Successful Kitchen.

The essentials of a successful kitchen department are: "Order, which is heaven's first law," Cleanliness, which is next to godliness" and "Eternal vigilance, which is the price of success," and the time-worn adage, "A place for everything and everything in its place," is especially applicable to the kitchen and pantry, where there should literally be a particular hook, drawer or definite part of a shelf for every utensil and for all articles of provisions and cooked food; these places should be ample and convenient for their own articles and should be reserved exclusively for them and for nothing else. The articles in the pantry naturally divide into certain groups; stoveware, cooking dishes and utensils, groceries, staple articles, provisions, daily supplies and cooked foods. The different articles of each group should be kept together as far as possible and each separate article should be arranged in the most systematic and businesslike order according to its use size or shape, and it should always be kept in mind that it requires no extra time to put an article in its proper place, provided that the place is ready for it. Therein lies the whole secret of success.—Good Housekeeping.

**Direct sunshine gives gloss to hair of any shade.**


### Nursing Mothers and Over-burdened Women

In all stations of life, whose vigor and vitality may have been undermined and broken-down by over-work, exacting social duties, the too frequent bearing of children, or other causes, will find in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the most potent, invigorating restorative strength-giver ever devised for their special benefit. Nursing mothers will find it especially valuable in sustaining their strength and promoting an abundant nourishment for the child. Expectant mothers too will find it a priceless boon to prepare the system for baby's coming and rendering the ordeal comparatively painless. It can do no harm in any state, or condition of the female system.

Delicate, nervous, weak women, who suffer from frequent headaches, backache, dragging-down distress low down in the abdomen, or from painful or irregular monthly periods, gnawing or distressed sensation in stomach, dizzy or faint spells, see imaginary specks or spots floating before eyes, have disagreeable, pelvic catarrhal drain, prolapsus, anteversion or retro-version or other displacements of womanly organs from weakness of parts will, whether they experience many or only a few of the above symptoms, find relief and a permanent cure by using faithfully and fairly persistently Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This world-famed specific for woman's weaknesses and peculiar ailments is a pure glyceric extract of the choicest native, medicinal roots without a drop of alcohol in its make-up. All its ingredients printed in plain English on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. Dr. Pierce thus invites the fullest investigation of his formula knowing that it will be found to contain only the best agents known to the most advanced medical science of all the different schools of practice for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments.

If you want to know more about the composition and professional endorsement of the "Favorite Prescription," send postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for his *free* booklet treating of same.

You can't afford to accept as a substitute for this remedy *of known composition* a secret nostrum *of unknown composition*. Don't do it.


### SOUTHERN RAILROADS.

**Effect on Them and the Public of Regulation for Political Purposes.**

The halt which has come to railroad construction in the South in consequence of agitation threatening investments in railroads promises to occasion serious hindrances to agriculture, manufactures and commerce. At the very time when industry in all its branches was expanding with wonderful vigor and rapidity, demanding greater and greater facilities for traffic, and while the railroads were doing their utmost to meet those requirements, came the flood of legislation to cut down the profits of the corporations just when they were most needed; needed, too, for expenditures to supply necessary track equipment and other facilities for transporting people and freight in the advancement of the business interests of the country.

But that was not all the evil wrought by such laws. They checked in its flow toward the South, money so much demanded for development of new railroad and other enterprises and have caused a halt to progress. Had there been any general and substantial outcry against the railroads for widespread injustice in their freight or passenger traffic some excuse might have been found for the passage of regulatory acts, but there was little such agitation, and therefore the conclusion is forced upon the observer that the responsibility for the passing of such laws lies mainly with the comparatively few politicians, inspired by selfish motives, perhaps of a retaliatory nature.

Yet it is to the future that one must look for the worst effect of these laws. Commerce and industry are making greater demands upon the railroads for adequate facilities, but the companies are hard pressed for money, and orders for new cars and engines have fallen off tremendously as compared with last year, although there has not been any letup in the rush of freight, and most of the roads are handling more business than ever. Necessarily there must come time when another great congestion of traffic will occur, causing both embarrassment and loss to various branches of human enterprise and labor. The money to provide these things which the railroads need is not to be had except at prohibitive rates of interest, and borrowing has to be done by means of short time notes for meeting pressing requirements. The outcome of such conditions is plain enough. It might be easier had not labor and everything else which the railroads need advanced in cost, but these increases in operating expenses, coupled with decreased earning power of the new laws, have put the companies at their wits' end for the handling of their finances.

To sum it up the situation is this: The railroads need more funds to meet the needs of their patrons. Rates of interest demanded by capital are higher than ever for railroad enterprises; too high for the railroads to afford. How, then, can they prevent another congestion of traffic and loss to business?—From the Manufacturers' Record.

### The Difference.

"Make a noise like a dollar and all the world will give you the glad hand," says a modern philosopher. Then, after you get the glad hand, you will make a noise like thirty cents.


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**For Infants and Children.**
**The Kind You Have Always Bought**
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

# LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

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If you contemplate spending the Summer months in Florida or California, call upon our local ticket agent for particulars.

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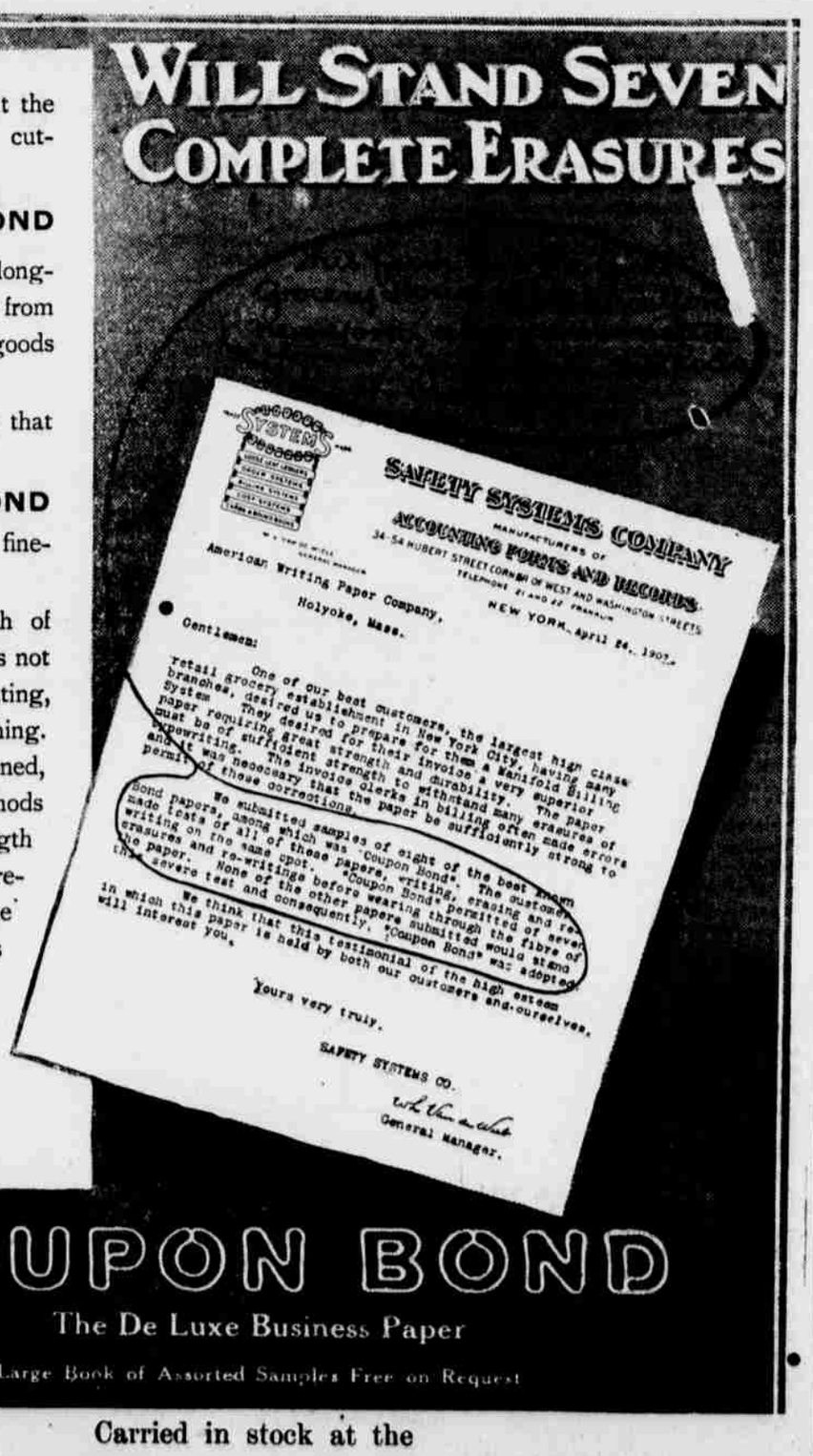
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MANUFACTURERS OF
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34-54 HUBERT STREET (CORNER OF WEST AND WASHINGTON STREETS)
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American Writing Paper Company,
Holyoke, Mass.
Gentlemen:
One of our best customers, the largest high class retail grocery establishment in New York City, having many branches, desired us to prepare for them a very superior System. They desired for their invoice a manifold Billing paper requiring great strength and durability. The paper must be of sufficient strength to withstand many erasures of typewriting. The invoice clerks in billing often made errors and it was necessary that the paper be sufficiently strong to permit of these corrections.
We submitted samples of eight of the best known Bond papers, among which was "Coupon Bond". The customer made tests of all of these papers, writing, erasing and re-writing on the same spot. "Coupon Bond" permitted of seven erasures and re-writings before wearing through the fibre of the paper. None of the other papers submitted would stand this severe test and consequently, "Coupon Bond" was adopted.
We think that this testimonial of the high esteem in which this paper is held by both our customers and ourselves, will interest you.
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# THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1908.


## WHERE DO THE OLD PIANOS GO?

**That Is, When They Get So Old You Can't Give Them Away.**

What becomes of all the old pianos? Any piano dealer will take your old piano when you want a new one and will allow a substantial credit on it even if it is of another make. From time to time the dealers announce sales of used pianos. All dealers have large stocks of them on hand constantly. One piano firm has on exhibition an old fashioned square piano which was made at least half a century ago. The piano bears a placard to the effect that any one who will pay the cartage may have it for the asking. No one has accepted the offer. Suppose no one ever takes that piano off the hands of the dealers who want to get rid of it. What will the dealers do with it? Obviously with rents as high as they are it wouldn't pay to store a piano you can't give away. So the question remains: What, in the last stage of undesirability, becomes of all the old pianos? —N. Y. Sun.

### Filling Many Wants.

One of the most useful trees in the world is a species of palm which grows in Brazil. It might safely be called a vegetable emporium, for it yields everything from medicine to cattle food. From the roots is obtained a very valuable medicine which is used for purifying the blood in springtime. Its timber takes a very high polish, and is much sought after by cabinet makers for fine work. The sap becomes wine or vinegar, according to the treatment it receives. From the sap, starch and sugar are also obtained. The fruit of the tree is given to cattle for food; the nut, ground to powder, makes a good substitute for coffee, and the pith becomes bottle corks.

### Birds That Fight Windows.

"The mating season of the birds approaches," said a nature student, "and, if you live in a good bird country your windows will kill off many a male. Male birds in the mating season become extraordinarily bold and fierce. Houses have no terrors for them. Approaching, they see their own reflections in the glass of the windows, and mistaking these images for rival males, they dart indomitably upon the glass, to fall back stunned, or bleeding, or broken-winged. I have a south window that I can always rely on in the spring to kill me two birds a week. I grill them on toast."

### Avoided the Danger.

It was a wise young man who paused before he answered the widow who asked him to guess her age. "You must have some idea about it," she said, with what was intended for an arch sidewise glance.

"I have several ideas," he admitted with a smile. "The only trouble is that I hesitate whether to make you ten years younger on accounts of your looks or ten years older on account of your brains.'"

Then while the widow smiled and blushed, he took a graceful but speedy leave.—Youth's Companion.

### Not That Kind of a Talker.

"On one occasion when in Congress," said James F. Banks of Boston, "Gen. Benjamin Butler arose in his place and intimated that the member who occupied the floor was transgressing the limits of debate.

"Why, General, said the member reproachfully, "you divided your time with me."

"'I know I did,' rejoined Butler grimly, "but I didn't divide eternity with you.' "

### A Bequest Refused.

The French Academy refused the $20,000 bequeathed to it by Mlle. Louise H. Leciere, to be used, according to the terms in her will, "in raising the moral tone of France." The Academy holds the acceptance of this fund would be tantamount to admitting the opinion of the testratrix, who regarded her native country as a sink of iniquity.

### Why Indeed.

One old member of the New York bar, who has long been in touch with court methods and proceedings, says he wonders why a certificate of good character is required before a man is admitted to practice.

### Where Grafters Live.

The guides on the Washington rubberneck automobiles take great pleasure in pointing out the Grafton Hotel and informing the passengers that a great many politicians stop there.

### Diamonds From Crater.

A South African diamond mine or "pipe" is the crater of an extinct volcano and the diamondiferous ground forms the filling of that crater.

### The World Do Move.

When McCormick built his first hundred reapers in 1845 he paid 4½ cents for bolts. To-day 50 bolts are made for a cent.


CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought


## CHILDREN TO AID THE BIRDS.

**A School Army Enlisting to Save the Guardians of Crops.**

On the millions of school children in this country final hope of averting the extinction of the valuable insectivorous birds has been rested.

What the Federal Government, the State Legislatures, and even the granges, women's clubs or national commercial organizations have failed to accomplish completely, the National Association of Audubon societies have announced will be now given to the children of the land to bring about. To organize every body of pupils from the largest New York public school to the most remote district school on the Pacific coast, into a general movement for housing, feeding and protecting the wild birds that save the country's crops is the object of the Audubon workers.

General headquarters for this new campaign are being established in the offices of the National Associaiton of Audubon Societies, at No. 141 Broadway, New York. Already the organization is in touch with thousands of teachers and girls' and boys' clubs throughout the country, to which it has regularly sent literature on bird guarding and care. With these as nucleus, the children are to push the fight until the members of each school in every neighborhood are enlisted in the work of building bird houses and "restaurants" to sustain the sadly thinned ranks of the feathered army of insect destroyers. Special ammunition in the form of printed directions and suggestions for making bird shelters and "lunch counters" is being prepared for every boy and girl who will write and ask for it.

Old kettles, boxes, or milk, tomato and kerosene cans, are being used by the children as emergency bird shelters. Elaborate houses, rustic imitations of hollow limbs, and neatly furnished apartments are also being planned. All must be made cat-proof, and should face to the south or west if possible. The feathered pair who will seek quarters for rearing their families in the spring will be particular in their tastes. If they find no promising spot for a home in any locality, they will pass on and leaves its fields and gardens at the mercy of the insects. The children are urged to the immediate building of houses for this season's bird families, because seasoned and weather-beaten structures most quickly tempt the birds when spring moving day comes.

Ornithologists declare that the march of civilization has robbed millions of useful, as well as sightly and tuneful, birds of their old-time facilities for home making. Sheltering tree trunks are being laid low every year over hundreds of acres. The old-fashioned structures, where birds might flock under open eaves, are being replaced by modern roofs that shut out bird life. Whole races, like the chimney swifts, are being deprived of their shelter in the big, old-style chimnies.

Such conditions, combined with lax laws for spring shooting and pothunting, may drive the valuable insect eaters to extinction. It will be the children's work to house the evicted birds at the time when they not only rear their young, but eat most copiously of the insect crop-destroyers.

"The children are now the great factor in this economic movement," said William Dutcher, president of the National Association of Audubon Societies. "Not only their patriotism but the self-interest of every one of their parents is the motive for preventing the extinction of the beautiful and highly vauable birds of this country. We are calling on Congress, the State Legislatures, and on every adult body to help; but I believe the work of the school children will accomplish more than than all the other methods combined. It is a fine chance for every boy and girl to do something for his village, State, and the country at large, and I know they will not neglect to do their part. 'Save the birds' is the motto and rallying cry."

### Music in Mexico.

According to the American consul at Monterey Mexico everybody in that sunny land has a love of music, says "Musical America." The common laborer who works all day paving the streets, may be found in the evening taking a leading part in an orchestra playing classic music. It is a poor house, indeed, that has not some sort of a musical instrument. Cotton goods, nails, steel rails, and various others articles of commerce are manufactured in Monterey, but as yet the consul is quoted as saying, that nobody has ever made a guitar there, except, perhaps, some lone genius who manufactured one for his own use. Guitars and mandolins are almost exclusively imported from the United States, though some come from France and Spain. Germany is supposed to be the home of the violin and nearly all these instruments used in this part of Mexico, come from that country, though an insignificant number come from the United States. In pianos, of which quite a number are sold there, the United States has the best of the trade, the balance going to Germany. In organs the United States is practically unrivaled in this country, very few of these instruments in any grade coming from Europe. But there is one general class of instruments in which the United States might do a good business, but as yet does practically none, and that is the instruments which go to the furnishing of a brass band.—Washington Herald.

## SPIDER HAS HIS USE.

**He's the Enemy of the Cockroach and Nabs Him When he Can.**

It is too bad so many people are prejudiced against spiders, said the man who always finds out curious things. "If they could stand it to have spiders around they would soon get rid of cockroaches. In the spider the cockroach has an enemy that pursues him with more malevolence than does the cleanly housewife. And not only is this hatred more deep-rooted, it is more deadly. All things considered the cockroach shows mighty little respect for the human race. He knows that, although he is small, he is chock full of inventive genius, and he laughingly scorns the futile attempts of men and women to circumvent and destroy him.

"So long has he been battling for life against paris green, fly paper, hot water, and wire cages, that he has learned to saunter through green lanes of poison and wade rivers of glue without so much as soiling his toes, and when it comes to the scalding bath he swims blithely out and wriggles his whiskers in derision at his would-be slayers. But he dares not treat the spider with such disdain. In fact, he doesn't have a chance, for the spider outdoes even the cockroach in cunning, and nabs him without the least ceremony.

"Still, it would be hardly advisable to recommend raising a crop of spiders as a sure preventive of cockroaches, for in most people's minds the exterminator is more objectionable than his victim."

---

It was in a country tavern where a newly arrived commercial traveler was holding forth.

"I'll bet my case of samples," he said, "that I've got the hardest name of anybody in the room."

An old farmer in the background shifted his feet to a warmer part of the stove.

"Ye will, will ye?" he drawled. "Wa-al, I'll have to take you up. I'll bet $10 against your samples that my name'll beat yourn."

"Done," cried the salesman. "I've got the hardest name in the country. It is Stone."

The old man expectorated.

"Mine," he said, "is Harder."

### Petroleum Butter.

One of the very late by-products of petroleum is butter. It is far superior to most of the cheap so-called butter that is sold in corner groceries, and a good deal better than oleomargarine. I had the experience of eating some the other day without knowing what it was and thought it was excellent. I assume it is vaseline prepared in a buttery way. Nothing simpler or easier. What next? Will wonders never cease? If olive oil were made into solid cakes and served as butter it would be in great demand as food. People in general believe it is made only for salads. A few cook with it. —N. Y. Post.

### Inventor of Envelopes.

It is somewhat curious that such a simple contrivance as the envelope should be a comparatively modern invention. As a matter of fact, it is just a hundred years since a paper manufacturer of Brighton named Brewes invented envelopes for letters in their present form. Even then it was some considerable time before their use became at all general, not, in fact, until somwhere in the year 1850. Before this date, (as many who are living now will remember) a letter, written only on one side, was folded in two, then in three, sealed with a wafer or sealing wax, and addressed on one of the blank sides.—The Gaulois.

### A Town Without Taxes.

Orson, in Sweden, has no taxes. During the last thirty years the authorities of this place have sold over one million pounds' worth of trees, and by means of judicious replanting have provided for a similar income every thirty or forty years. In consequence of this source of commercial wealth there are no taxes, and local railways and telephones are free, as are education and many other things.—Tit-Bits.

### A Diving Sponge Boat.

A submarine has been built by a company at Bizerta, France, for sponge fishing. When sunk it can travel on a short of wheel along the bottom of the sea, being worked by two submarine oars from the inside. It collects sponges by means of a mechanical gripper, and has electrical searchlights, a telephone, and a speaking tube by which it can communicate with a boat on the surface. The submarine has already been down to a depth of 330 feet.

### At the Dry Inn.

"No use to ask me, Colonel," said the landlord. "I'd like to oblige you, but you know as well as I do that Georgia is dry. Howsomever, if you step upstairs while I put out the light you may stumble over somethin'—but even if you fall downstairs and break your leg—mind now—I don't know what done it!"—Atlanta Constitution.

### Military Schools in U. S.

Of strictly military schools there are 175 throughout the land. New York has 32, New Jersey 9, Pennsylvania 11, North Carolina 7, Texas 9, Wisconsin 4, California 9 and Illinois 5.

### A Reasonable Precaution.

"In order to be a regular optimist," said Uncle Eben, "it's a good idea to staht out wif you arrangements all made foh, three square meals a day an' de payment of de rent."—Washington Star.

### The Paying Teller Admonished.

The Farmer—See here, young man, none o' your monkey business. Them ain't the same bills I deposited here last month.—Brooklyn Life.


THE ONLY BIG SHOW COMING THIS YEAR

BLOOMSBURG FRIDAY, JULY 10.

UNDER THEIR HUGE HAPPY DAYS WATERPROOF PAVILIONS.

The FRANK A. ROBBINS NEW GREATEST ALL FEATURE SHOWS.

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A SUPER-SPLENDID PAGEANT REFLEX OF HEROIC HISTORY Introducing Upon Sumptuous Triumphal Floats and Noblest Chargers, Living Counterparts of the Greatest Warriors and Rulers of the Past and Present, Martially and Regally Accoutered and Arrayed in Splendidly Accurate Facsimiles of the Arms and Regalia of Their Eras.

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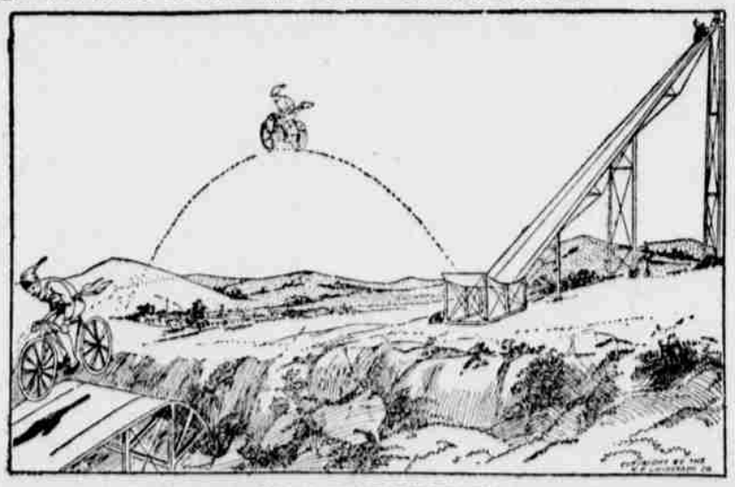

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In Cute, Cunning and Curious Antics to Charm the Children.

The Animal Stars of All Arenas. A Monster Motley Assemblage of Wondrous Wags, Worth Their Weight in Gold to a Weary World

THE COMING OF ALPHA AND OMEGA.

DARE-DEVIL RIVALRY ABOVE A YAWNING DEATH TRAP.

Flying Awheel Across a Dizzy Gap of Fifty Feet.

THE FEARSOME MID-AIR FIGHT FOR FAME Which Makes the Bravest Gasp and Tremble, Which Submerges Applause in Awe-Struck Admiration, Is Wonderful Beyond the Power of Words, Prodigious Beyond Photograph or Pencil. An Event of Supernatural Sensation.

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